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O.K. PICKLES,  
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WORCESTERSHIRE  
SAUCE,  
MUSTARD SAUCE,  
TOMATO CATSUP.

# Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1877.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General  
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

**ACCESSORIES**  
For MOTOR CARS,  
MOTOR CYCLES AND  
MOTOR BOATS.  
"GOODRICH" and  
"DUNLOP" TYRES.  
ALEX. ROSS & CO.,  
4 Des Voeux Rd., H.K.  
Tele. 57.

No. 13,578 號八十七百五千八萬一第 日七十月十年巳丁 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 1917. 大英一千九百一十七年十一月廿七日 中華民國六年十二月一日 第 783 號

**INTIMATIONS**  
**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY.**  
**PORTLAND CEMENT.**  
In Casks 375 lbs. net.  
In Bags 250 lbs. net.  
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SOLE AGENTS:  
**CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co.**  
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Telephone No. 25.

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

### TIME-TABLE.

On and after WEDNESDAY, 31st OCTOBER, 1917, until further Notice.

#### DOWN TRAINS.

Stations	No. 1 Through Express a.m.	No. 2 Local a.m.	No. 3 Through Express p.m.	No. 4 Local p.m.	No. 5 Through Express p.m.	No. 6 Local p.m.	No. 7 Through Express p.m.	No. 8 Local p.m.
CANTON	7.30	8.00	11.15	11.45	1.15	1.45	4.15	4.45
SEK KONG	7.40	8.10	11.25	11.55	1.25	1.55	4.25	4.55
YUEN KONG	7.50	8.20	11.35	12.05	1.35	2.05	4.35	5.05
YUEN KONG	8.00	8.30	11.45	12.15	1.45	2.15	4.45	5.15
YUEN KONG	8.10	8.40	11.55	12.25	1.55	2.25	4.55	5.25
YUEN KONG	8.20	8.50	12.05	12.35	2.05	2.35	5.05	5.35
YUEN KONG	8.30	9.00	12.15	12.45	2.15	2.45	5.15	5.45
YUEN KONG	8.40	9.10	12.25	12.55	2.25	2.55	5.25	5.55
YUEN KONG	8.50	9.20	12.35	1.05	2.35	3.05	5.35	6.05
YUEN KONG	9.00	9.30	12.45	1.15	2.45	3.15	5.45	6.15
YUEN KONG	9.10	9.40	12.55	1.25	2.55	3.25	5.55	6.25
YUEN KONG	9.20	9.50	1.05	1.35	3.05	3.35	6.05	6.35
YUEN KONG	9.30	10.00	1.15	1.45	3.15	3.45	6.15	6.45
YUEN KONG	9.40	10.10	1.25	1.55	3.25	3.55	6.25	6.55
YUEN KONG	9.50	10.20	1.35	2.05	3.35	4.05	6.35	7.05
YUEN KONG	10.00	10.30	1.45	2.15	3.45	4.15	6.45	7.15
YUEN KONG	10.10	10.40	1.55	2.25	3.55	4.25	6.55	7.25
YUEN KONG	10.20	10.50	2.05	2.35	4.05	4.35	7.05	7.35
YUEN KONG	10.30	11.00	2.15	2.45	4.15	4.45	7.15	7.45
YUEN KONG	10.40	11.10	2.25	2.55	4.25	4.55	7.25	7.55
YUEN KONG	10.50	11.20	2.35	3.05	4.35	5.05	7.35	8.05
YUEN KONG	11.00	11.30	2.45	3.15	4.45	5.15	7.45	8.15
YUEN KONG	11.10	11.40	2.55	3.25	4.55	5.25	7.55	8.25
YUEN KONG	11.20	11.50	3.05	3.35	5.05	5.35	8.05	8.35
YUEN KONG	11.30	12.00	3.15	3.45	5.15	5.45	8.15	8.45
YUEN KONG	11.40	12.10	3.25	3.55	5.25	5.55	8.25	8.55
YUEN KONG	11.50	12.20	3.35	4.05	5.35	6.05	8.35	9.05
YUEN KONG	12.00	12.30	3.45	4.15	5.45	6.15	8.45	9.15
YUEN KONG	12.10	12.40	3.55	4.25	5.55	6.25	8.55	9.25
YUEN KONG	12.20	12.50	4.05	4.35	6.05	6.35	9.05	9.35
YUEN KONG	12.30	1.00	4.15	4.45	6.15	6.45	9.15	9.45
YUEN KONG	12.40	1.10	4.25	4.55	6.25	6.55	9.25	9.55
YUEN KONG	12.50	1.20	4.35	5.05	6.35	7.05	9.35	10.05
YUEN KONG	1.00	1.30	4.45	5.15	6.45	7.15	9.45	10.15
YUEN KONG	1.10	1.40	4.55	5.25	6.55	7.25	9.55	10.25
YUEN KONG	1.20	1.50	5.05	5.35	7.05	7.35	10.05	10.35
YUEN KONG	1.30	2.00	5.15	5.45	7.15	7.45	10.15	10.45
YUEN KONG	1.40	2.10	5.25	5.55	7.25	7.55	10.25	10.55
YUEN KONG	1.50	2.20	5.35	6.05	7.35	8.05	10.35	11.05
YUEN KONG	2.00	2.30	5.45	6.15	7.45	8.15	10.45	11.15
YUEN KONG	2.10	2.40	5.55	6.25	7.55	8.25	10.55	11.25
YUEN KONG	2.20	2.50	6.05	6.35	8.05	8.35	11.05	11.35
YUEN KONG	2.30	3.00	6.15	6.45	8.15	8.45	11.15	11.45
YUEN KONG	2.40	3.10	6.25	6.55	8.25	8.55	11.25	11.55
YUEN KONG	2.50	3.20	6.35	7.05	8.35	9.05	11.35	12.05
YUEN KONG	3.00	3.30	6.45	7.15	8.45	9.15	11.45	12.15
YUEN KONG	3.10	3.40	6.55	7.25	8.55	9.25	11.55	12.25
YUEN KONG	3.20	3.50	7.05	7.35	9.05	9.35	12.05	12.35
YUEN KONG	3.30	4.00	7.15	7.45	9.15	9.45	12.15	12.45
YUEN KONG	3.40	4.10	7.25	7.55	9.25	9.55	12.25	12.55
YUEN KONG	3.50	4.20	7.35	8.05	9.35	10.05	12.35	1.05
YUEN KONG	4.00	4.30	7.45	8.15	9.45	10.15	12.45	1.15
YUEN KONG	4.10	4.40	7.55	8.25	9.55	10.25	12.55	1.25
YUEN KONG	4.20	4.50	8.05	8.35	10.05	10.35	1.05	1.35
YUEN KONG	4.30	5.00	8.15	8.45	10.15	10.45	1.15	1.45
YUEN KONG	4.40	5.10	8.25	8.55	10.25	10.55	1.25	1.55
YUEN KONG	4.50	5.20	8.35	9.05	10.35	11.05	1.35	1.65
YUEN KONG	5.00	5.30	8.45	9.15	10.45	11.15	1.45	1.75
YUEN KONG	5.10	5.40	8.55	9.25	10.55	11.25	1.55	1.85
YUEN KONG	5.20	5.50	9.05	9.35	11.05	11.35	2.05	1.95
YUEN KONG	5.30	6.00	9.15	9.45	11.15	11.45	2.15	2.05
YUEN KONG	5.40	6.10	9.25	9.55	11.25	11.55	2.25	2.15
YUEN KONG	5.50	6.20	9.35	10.05	11.35	12.05	2.35	2.25
YUEN KONG	6.00	6.30	9.45	10.15	11.45	12.15	2.45	2.35
YUEN KONG	6.10	6.40	9.55	10.25	11.55	12.25	2.55	2.45
YUEN KONG	6.20	6.50	10.05	10.35	12.05	12.35	3.05	2.55
YUEN KONG	6.30	7.00	10.15	10.45	12.15	12.45	3.15	2.65
YUEN KONG	6.40	7.10	10.25	10.55	12.25	12.55	3.25	2.75
YUEN KONG	6.50	7.20	10.35	11.05	12.35	1.05	3.35	2.85
YUEN KONG	7.00	7.30	10.45	11.15	12.45	1.15	3.45	2.95
YUEN KONG	7.10	7.40	10.55	11.25	12.55	1.25	3.55	3.05
YUEN KONG	7.20	7.50	11.05	11.35	1.05	1.35	3.65	3.15
YUEN KONG	7.30	8.00	11.15	11.45	1.15	1.45	3.75	3.25
YUEN KONG	7.40	8.10	11.25	11.55	1.25	1.55	3.85	3.35
YUEN KONG	7.50	8.20	11.35	12.05	1.35	1.65	3.95	3.45
YUEN KONG	8.00	8.30	11.45	12.15	1.45	1.75	4.05	3.55
YUEN KONG	8.10	8.40	11.55	12.25	1.55	1.85	4.15	3.65
YUEN KONG	8.20	8.50	12.05	12.35	2.05	1.95	4.25	3.75
YUEN KONG	8.30	9.00	12.15	12.45	2.15	2.05	4.35	3.85
YUEN KONG	8.40	9.10	12.25	12.55	2.25	2.15	4.45	3.95
YUEN KONG	8.50	9.20	12.35	1.05	2.35	2.25	4.55	4.05
YUEN KONG	9.00	9.30	12.45	1.15	2.45	2.35	4.65	4.15
YUEN KONG	9.10	9.40	12.55	1.25	2.55	2.45	4.75	4.25
YUEN KONG	9.20	9.50	1.05	1.35	2.65	2.55	4.85	4.35
YUEN KONG	9.30	10.00	1.15	1.45	2.75	2.65	4.95	4.45
YUEN KONG	9.40	10.10	1.25	1.55	2.85	2.75	5.05	4.55
YUEN KONG	9.50	10.20	1.35	1.65	2.95	2.85	5.15	4.65
YUEN KONG	10.00	10.30	1.45	1.75	3.05	2.95	5.25	4.75
YUEN KONG	10.10	10.40	1.55	1.85	3.15	3.05	5.35	4.85
YUEN KONG	10.20	10.50	2.05	1.95	3.25	3.15	5.45	4.95
YUEN KONG	10.30	11.00	2.15	2.05	3.35	3.25	5.55	5.05
YUEN KONG	10.40	11.10	2.25	2.15	3.45	3.35	5.65	5.15
YUEN KONG	10.50	11.20	2.35	2.25	3.55	3.45	5.75	5.25
YUEN KONG	11.00	11.30	2.45	2.35	3.65	3.55	5.85	5.35
YUEN KONG	11.10	11.40	2.55	2.45	3.75	3.65	5.95	5.45
YUEN KONG	11.20	11.50	3.05	2.55	3.85	3.75	6.05	5.55
YUEN KONG	11.30	12.00	3.15	2.65	3.95	3.85	6.15	5.65
YUEN KONG	11.40	12.10	3.25	2.75	4.05	3.95	6.25	5.75
YUEN KONG	11.50	12.20	3.35	2.85	4.15	4.05	6.35	5.85
YUEN KONG	12.00	12.30	3.45	2.95	4.25	4.15	6.45	5.95
YUEN KONG	12.10	12.40	3.55	3.05	4.35	4.25	6.55	6.05
YUEN KONG	12.20	12.50	4.05	3.15	4.45	4.35	6.65	6.15
YUEN KONG	12.30	1.00	4.15	3.25	4.55	4.45	6.75	6.25
YUEN KONG	12.40	1.10	4.25	3.35	4.65	4.55	6.85	6.35
YUEN KONG	12.50	1.20	4.35	3.45	4.75	4.65	6.95	6.45
YUEN KONG	1.00	1.30	4.45	3.55	4.85	4.75	7.05	6.55
YUEN KONG	1.10	1.40	4.55	3.65	4.95	4.85	7.15	6.65
YUEN KONG	1.20	1.50	5.05	3.75	5.05	4.95	7.25	6.75
YUEN KONG	1.30	2.00	5.15	3.85	5.15	5.05	7.35	6.85
YUEN KONG	1.40	2.10	5.25	3.95	5.25	5.15	7.45	6.95
YUEN KONG	1.50	2.20	5.35	4.05	5.35	5.25	7.55	7.05
YUEN KONG	2.00	2.30	5.45	4.15	5.45	5.35	7.65	7.15
YUEN KONG	2.10	2.40	5.55	4.25	5.55	5.45	7.75	7.25
YUEN KONG	2.20	2.50	6.05	4.35	5.65	5.55	7.85	7.35
YUEN KONG	2.30	2.60	6.15	4.45	5.75	5.65	7.95	7.45
YUEN KONG	2.40	2.70	6.25	4.55	5.85	5.75	8.05	7.55
YUEN KONG	2.50	2.80	6.35	4.65	5.95	5.85	8.15	7.65
YUEN KONG	3.00	2.90	6.45	4.75	6.05	5.95	8.25	7.75
YUEN KONG	3.10	3.00	6.55	4.85	6.15	6.05	8.35	7.85
YUEN KONG	3.20	3.10	6.65	4.95	6.25	6.15	8.45	7.95
YUEN KONG	3.30	3.20	6.75	5.05	6.35	6.25	8.55	8.05
YUEN KONG	3.40	3.30	6.85	5.15	6.45	6.35	8.65	8.15
YUEN KONG	3.50	3.40	6.95	5.25	6.55	6.45	8.75	8.25
YUEN KONG	4.00	3.50	7.05	5.35	6.65	6.55	8.85	8.35
YUEN KONG	4.10	3.60	7.15	5.45	6.75	6.65	8.95	8.45
YUEN KONG	4.20	3.70	7.25	5.55	6.85	6.75	9.05	8.55
YUEN KONG	4.30	3.80	7.35	5.6	6.95	6.85	9.15	8.65
YUEN KONG	4.40	3.90	7.45	5.7	7.05	6.95	9.25	8.75
YUEN KONG	4.50	4.00	7.55	5.8	7.15	7.05	9.35	8.85
YUEN KONG	4.60	4.10	7.65	5.9	7.25	7.15	9.45	8.95
YUEN KONG	4.70	4.20	7.75	6.0	7.35	7.25	9.55	9.05
YUEN KONG	4.80	4.30	7.85	6.1	7.45	7.35	9.65	9.15
YUEN KONG	4.90	4.40	7.95	6.2	7.55	7.45	9.75	9.25
YUEN KONG	5.00	4.50	8.05	6.3	7.65	7.55	9.85	9.35
YUEN KONG	5.10	4.60	8.15	6.4	7.75	7.65	9.95	9.45
YUEN KONG	5.20	4.70	8.25	6.5	7.85	7.75	10.05	9.55
YUEN KONG	5.30	4.80	8.35	6.6	7.95	7.85	10.15	9.65
YUEN KONG	5.40	4.90	8.45	6.7	8.05	7.95	10.25	9.75
YUEN KONG	5.50	5.00	8.55	6.8	8.15	8.05	10.35	9.85
YUEN KONG	5.60	5.10	8.65	6.9	8.25	8.15	10.45	9.95
YUEN KONG								



## INTIMATIONS

NEW MODEL  
MOUTRIE PIANOS

Representing the highest degree of  
perfection in artistic construction,  
combined with the embodiment  
of forty years' experience.

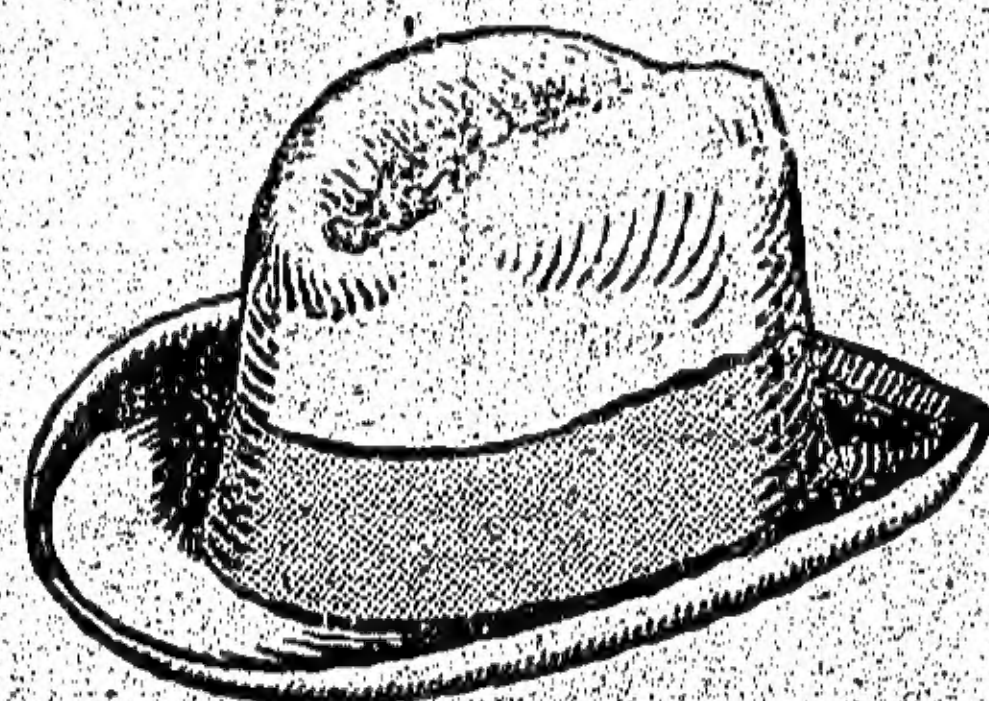
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STYLES

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OF ALL AGES, BUILD AND FEATURES.

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Better make certain of securing whisky  
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WALKER

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Guaranteed same quality throughout the world.

To safeguard these ages our policy for the future is  
the policy of the past. First and foremost to see  
that the margin of stocks over sales is always  
large enough to maintain our unique quality.

JOHNNIE WALKER  
"White" Label,  
Over 6 years old.  
JOHNNIE WALKER  
"Red" Label,  
Over 10 years old.  
JOHNNIE WALKER  
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Over 12 years old.

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Agents for China:  
CALDECK,  
MACGREGOR & CO.,  
Hongkong, Canton, Shang-  
hai, Peking, etc.

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Glasgow, Scotland.



20,000 DOCTORS

are recommending

PLASMON

Because

"Plasmon" is of INESTIMABLE VALUE as a  
food for all classes of workers. — Dr. Vichon, Berlin, S. C.

## HEATHIER DAY.

A SPLENDIDLY ORGANISED CELEBRATION.

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS REALISED YESTERDAY MORNING.

The Scots laid themselves out to estab-  
lish a record yesterday. Heather Day,  
1917, was to be long remembered as the  
occasion of the most successful effort  
made on behalf of war charities by any  
community in the Colony. Of course, it  
was not to be expected that the financial  
result of "Gue Day" could be equalled,  
when the Lottery alone yielded such a  
substantial sum, but all previous achieve-  
ments on the days dedicated to St.  
Andrew were to be eclipsed and even the  
triumph of the Sassenachs, whose appeal  
for funds in the name of St. George  
met with such a liberal response, was to  
be eclipsed. The work of preparation  
was carried through with characteristic  
thoroughness. Never before in local history  
has an event been so extensively  
advertised. Upon every hoarding and in  
practically every shop-window artistic  
posters were displayed calling attention  
to the great day. On every parcel  
delivered by the local stores were arrest-  
ing reminders, and in almost every issue  
of the local newspapers appeared an-  
nouncements. The culminating point  
was reached when the Committee pro-  
duced a very elaborate and complete  
illustrated souvenir programme, of  
which some hundreds were sold, giving  
not only the names of all officials and  
helpers but the fullest details regarding  
every part of the day's celebrations.

There were not wanting those who ques-  
tioned the advisability of spending what  
must have been a very considerable sum  
for such a purpose. The *Daily Press*,  
however, would be the last to support such  
short-sighted criticism. There is no  
doubt that the cumulative effect of this  
wide-spread publicity helped materially  
to swell the takings. An atmosphere was  
created in which it was impossible to live  
without realising that, in one way or  
another, some small sum would have to be  
set aside for such an auspicious oc-  
casion.

## SALE OF BADGES.

As usual, the first toll was taken by the  
sale of badges—a St. Andrew's Cross  
mounted on blue ribbon, and the crest  
of St. Andrew's Society, on a blue rosette.  
Flag days and badge days are becoming  
almost as familiar to the residents in  
Hongkong, as, judging from the carica-  
tures seen in the comic papers, they are  
to the people at home. Yesterday, the  
ordinary routine was carried through  
but, as practice makes for perfection,  
the business was, if anything, done in a  
more expeditious and more systematic  
manner than before. An hour and a  
half was allowed to the numerous sellers  
to bedeck every member of the community,  
and the time proved ample for the pur-  
pose. Instead of waiting to be asked, the  
ordinary man now has his dollar or his  
five-dollar note ready to drop into the  
tin of the first saleswoman he comes  
across, and usually, he finds her waiting  
somewhere very near his front door-step.

Now that the novelty of this selling of  
favours has worn off a little, the race is  
not so much to the most attractive or  
most persuasive, but rather to the one  
who rises earliest and takes time by the  
forelock.

## DECORATED MOTOR-CAR.

At 10.30 the sellers, handed over their  
proceeds to the Hon. Treasurer on the  
Cricket ground, and before this impor-  
tant ceremony was completed the sound  
of the pipes was heard and a procession  
of decorated motor-cars, preceded by the  
pipers of the H.K.S.B., R.G.A., began  
a tour of the centre of the City. This  
part of the programme was organised by  
Dr. Forsyth, and about twenty-five cars  
engaged in it. A prize of a motor-car  
clock was offered by Messrs. Alex. Ross  
and Co. for the most striking design and,  
curiously enough, it was won by Dr.  
Forsyth, whose car had been made to  
represent a Tank by Messrs. Alex. Ross  
and Company themselves. Mr. McCub-  
bin's car, which was also transformed  
into a Tank, was placed second. There  
was no room for questioning the decision  
of the judges. Dr. Forsyth's car—as  
those who have never been to the front  
are able to express an opinion—looked  
like the real thing. Black in colour,  
mounted with guns, and with a couple  
of men in khaki seated on the top, it had  
a sinister and evil appearance compared  
with which Mr. McCubbin's Tank,  
decorated with a variety of colours, look-  
ed like a toy from a huge box of Toys.

Smith's crackers. The other cars were  
chiefly adorned with flowers and flags,  
that belonging to the Dragon Cycle Com-  
pany bearing a huge gun composed of  
flowers. In addition to the three men-  
tioned, cars were lent by H. E. the  
Governor, the Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton, the  
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Mr. F. Mait-  
land, Mr. G. Walker, Mr. Owen Hughes,  
Mr. D. Templeton, Mr. A. Denison, the  
Tramway Company, Taikee Dock, Exile  
Garage, Mercury Garage, the Meteor  
Garage and others.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

Whilst the procession was in progress,  
a call was made upon all the offices in  
the centre of the City to make sure that  
none of the inmates had escaped the at-  
tention of the badge-sellers in the streets.  
This must largely have proved a work  
of supererogation, but probably it  
yielded a fair number of cheques and  
chits; certainly, loose coins were not to  
be obtained at this stage in the proceed-  
ings.

While the Hon. Treasurer was in the  
proceeds of this second raid, an auction  
of various articles sent in to benefit the  
fund was commenced. Mr. George Lam-  
mert was the auctioneer, and his quali-  
fications for the position are too well-  
known to need iteration. He had no  
difficulty in keeping the crowd amused,  
and little trouble, apparently, in enticing  
the money from their pockets. All the  
articles were sold, and a sum approximat-  
ing \$1,000 was realised. The highest  
amount paid for a single article was \$105  
bid by Mr. S. H. Dowdell. Mr. R.  
Sutherland also paid a fairly substantial  
price for a painting of himself. Judging  
by the remarks of onlookers it was a  
striking likeness, the representative of  
the *Daily Press* was not sufficiently near  
to judge—and, according to the auc-  
tioner, Mr. Sutherland would have paid,  
willingly or unwillingly, a far larger  
sum than he did to prevent it from going  
outside the family.

With the auction sale the morning's  
programme came to an end. There had  
not been a spare moment. The Scots  
realised that they had a great deal to do  
and little time in which to do it, and  
had so well organised their campaign  
that the various items fitted in with one  
another like clockwork. Whilst the  
cricket club was the centre of operations,  
Messrs. Wiseman and Co., Ltd., provided  
refreshments for all the helpers, and the  
proceedings generally were enlivened by  
the band of the 25th Middlesex Regiment,  
the Pipe Band of the H.K.S.B., R.G.A.,  
and the pipers—Messrs. John MacGregor,  
Neil Drummond, and Douglas Wilson.

## THE FAIR.

The afternoon and evening were devoted  
to the Fair on the Murray Parade  
Ground. Roughly speaking the day's  
proceedings were divided into two parts  
—the fair and everything else, with Mr.  
E. M. Dyer responsible for the fair and  
Mr. Sutherland for the other sections,  
both of course being helped by numerous  
sub-committees.

No trouble or expense apparently had  
been spared to make the fair a success.  
Early in the afternoon rain threatened  
but, fortunately, the weather remained  
fine throughout the day. At all hours  
the Murray Parade ground was well filled  
and there never seemed to be any slack-  
ening in the business done by the  
numerous side-shows. It would have been  
a thousand pities had it been otherwise  
for a tremendous amount of hard work  
had been involved in making everything  
ready. It must not be imagined that  
there was simply a collection of matchboxes  
masquerading under the name of a fair  
for the retailing of goods at fancy prices.  
It was a fair manufactured in Hongkong  
as exactly similar lines to the fair one  
is accustomed to at home. There were  
roundabouts, swings, shooting galleries,  
aerial flights, a joy wheel, a shuttle, key-  
picking and many other attractions, to say  
nothing of the barrel-organ, and a host  
of showmen and showwomen, with  
ravenous voices aided by megaphones and  
other noise producing instruments. The  
fun at times was terrific. For the more  
elaborate enterprises—the joy wheel, the  
roundabouts and the swings, the Dock  
Companies were responsible and some  
thousands of dollars must have been spent  
in their elaboration.

The fair was formally opened by H. E.  
the Officer Administering the Govern-  
ment, the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn,  
C.M.G. His Excellency, who was accom-  
panied by members of the Executive and  
Legislative Councils, Consular representa-  
tives, and other prominent residents,  
was met at the Queen's Road entrance  
to the Fair by the Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton,  
President of St. Andrew's Society. A  
procession was formed, headed by the  
pipers, and after the National Anthem  
had been played, way was made to the  
Palace of Varieties, from the steps of  
which Mr. Anton briefly welcomed all to  
the fair, and, on behalf of St. Andrew's  
Society, thanked those who had helped  
in its organisation, and in the organisa-  
tion of the other celebrations of "Heather  
Day." He thanked those who had pro-  
vided articles for sale at the auction and  
at the stalls, and particularly mentioned  
the auctioneer. He did not think they  
could have had a better one than Mr.  
Lammert. It was customary, at their  
functions on St. Andrew's Day, continued  
Mr. Anton, to refer to telegrams which  
had been exchanged with kindred soci-  
eties. They had sent telegrams to Tientsin,  
Hankow, Kobe, Shanghai, Bangkok,  
Nagasaki, Wei-hai-wei, Singapore, Amoy,  
Manila, Penang, Swatow, Cebu, Taipei,  
Tientsin, Iloilo, Yokohama, Foochow and  
Canton, and had received a great many  
replies. They also proposed to send the  
following telegram to Field-Marshal Sir  
Douglas Haig:—

Hongkong Scots desire, on the occa-  
sion of St. Andrew's Day, to express  
their admiration of your great achieve-  
ments and of the strenuous and success-  
ful work accomplished by all ranks  
under your command. Our Society,  
largely assisted by the Hongkong com-  
munity, is celebrating St. Andrew's  
Day by receiving funds in aid of  
Scottish Hospitals for wounded of all  
nationalities.

H. E. the Officer Administering the  
Government then wished the fair every  
success, simply remarking that he would  
not, by speech-making, delay them from  
"getting on with the work."  
Almost before His Excellency had left  
the platform "the fun of the fair" was  
in full swing. Perhaps the most interest-  
ing, because the most novel, side-show was  
the joy-wheel, which was in the charge  
of Messrs. S. Gray, D. Keith, F. Cole-  
man, J. Allan, W. Brown, and W.  
Forsyth. The wheel was a slightly coned  
shape, centre-piece of a large platform  
upon which all were invited to sit and,  
to remain seated as long as they were  
able. The wheel was driven by a motor  
faster and faster until everyone was shot  
off to the sides. It caused endless amuse-  
ment for all alike—men, women and  
children—and as soon as it had shaken  
itself free from one load many others were  
scrambling to take the vacant places.  
The "Hobby Horses" under the direc-  
tion of Messrs. W. Johnson, A. Simpson,  
W. Peters, A. Graham and J. Garraway  
also did a tremendous business. It was  
rarely that a horse was seen without a  
rider. The youngsters were willing to go  
on riding for ever and many a little tot  
was seen enjoying his first experience of  
a roundabout who was far too small to  
be trusted alone and had to be held in  
place by his father, who, judging from his  
pleased expression, seemed to be quite  
delighted at having such a legitimate  
excuse for taking a ride himself. The  
Swing Boats also must be mentioned as  
being part and parcel of the parapher-  
nalia of every well-conducted fair. They  
were in the charge of Mr. J. Hyde,  
assisted by Messrs. J. M. Jack, J. Hal-  
ston, D. Nichol and D. Nielson. They  
were extremely well constructed and  
secured a considerable amount of  
patronage.

Of other shows it might truthfully be  
said that they were too numerous to  
mention. In every case those responsible  
for them entered thoroughly into the  
spirit of the undertaking and the  
realistic touches that all had made to  
their disguises as showmen added not  
a little to the hilarity of the proceedings.  
Mr. A. Ritchie, as "Colonel Bogey," was  
the chief attraction, commanding a very  
noisy band of musicians, with a very  
water-hazard bunker, and everything  
complete, whilst the runner-up of this  
year's championship, Mr. Syme Thomp-  
son, dressed in some nondescript costume  
and with his face blackened by coal dust  
stood on a platform outside and, with  
the aid of a megaphone, invited all and  
sundry to step inside and try their luck.  
This afternoon there will be a special  
Bogey competition over this course which  
has been named "St. Andrew's." There  
will be separate competitions for ladies  
and gentlemen for which cards may be  
taken out for \$5 each. For the first time  
the effects of the pavement artist and his  
friends would probably have "taken the  
biscuit" if such a prize had been offered.  
They were dressed to make the sympathy-  
tic weep tears of pity. Mr. H. W. Bird  
sat in a small enclosure by the side of  
his masterpiece and looked the picture  
of abject misery whilst he held out his  
hat for the alms of the compassionate  
passer-by. His associate, Messrs. Be-  
wick, Archibut and Sutherland were not  
much better—all looked as though they  
had found life's struggle a hard and  
bitter one.

"Aunt Sally," an up-to-date  
version of the real old thing, was under  
the direction of Messrs. A. E. Henderson  
and D. Harvey as the instructing experts  
and fair assistants, Messrs. D. Cooper,  
W. B. Oswald, W. Fleming, H. McTear,  
and A. Gee. For Kicking the Football,  
Messrs. H. E. Strange, C. A. Creeds  
and R. R. Wood were present to see that  
patrons received value for their money.  
The cynics who went perambulating  
round the fair with a caravan and dis-  
tributed their wares by the wheel of  
fortune were Mr. A. Davidson as the  
head of the tribe and Messrs. W. Brown,  
G. Gerrard, G. Gray, A. Walker and J.  
Stewart. The Royal Shooting Fall was  
under the direction of Messrs. J. Kest,  
K. E. Gray, Aitchison, Austin, Bell,

Chapman, Foulds, Gray, Kerr, D. Lyle,  
W. Lyle, McCormack, McLeod, McNeillie,  
Nicol, Ramsay, Spiers, and Weir. Mr.  
J. Millar was responsible for the artistic  
decoration of the gallery and is to be  
complimented upon his excellent work.  
Mr. A. O. Lang was the lucky owner of  
the coconut shies for he must have netted  
a very considerable amount in a short  
space of time. His assistants were  
Messrs. T. E. Pearce, D. K. Blair, J. C.  
Finch and H. Overy. In addition to the  
coconuts there was von Tirpitz to shy at  
and whenever he bobbed up with his  
telescope from U. Boat 19 the coconuts  
were entirely neglected.

The animals to be seen at the Zoo  
included a wild cat, a "dromedary," a  
typhoon, a deer and many others, the  
collecting together of which must have  
involved considerable trouble. Many  
will be sold to-day by auction. The  
proprietor of the Zoo was Professor  
A. K. Taylor, and the keepers were  
Messrs. D. Muir, G. Watt, W. G. Law-  
son, R. Watt and the Misses Amy,  
Agnes, and Elsie Watt and Beatrice  
Taylor. Mr. W. C. Jack was in charge  
of the Fine Arts exhibition, Mr. D.  
Carvey of the aerial flight and Messrs.  
W. Nicholson, J. H. Wallace, W. Aven-  
strong, T. R. Chasels and A. Macdonald  
of the shuttle. The firm of Chasels, Jack  
and sons, itinerant vendors of diamond  
rings, pills, buttons, and all the other  
articles of a fair booth, comprised Messrs.  
Beckwith, Bird, Archibut and Sutherland  
and the same versatile combination also  
ran the Punch and Judy show. The Try  
your Strength indicator was under the  
direction of Messrs. D. Templeton, J. W.  
Paton, D. MacCrae, J. McCubbin and  
W. H. Prowse.

The booth occupied by the Brua Pie  
appeared to be always crowded. Mr.  
A. G. Gordon was in charge and had the  
assistance of Mrs. B. M. Dyer and the  
Misses Gordon whilst a splendid trade  
was done throughout the afternoon at  
Miss Anton's Fancy Goods Stall. Miss  
Anton was assisted by Mrs. Chatham,  
Mrs. Mitroy, Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Tem-  
pleton, Mrs. Black, Miss Neave and a host  
of other willing workers.

At the Palace of Varieties, there was  
a continuous entertainment, those figur-  
ing on the programme being Agar and  
Cheselm, the world-famous "come-  
dians"; Kid Marrott's "Eight-  
some Reel" by real children trained by  
Miss Mitchell, Taikos; Gordon Cook,  
"the mystic conjurer"; The Mag Pies;  
Mrs. Owen and Trupee; Pte. Marchesi;  
The Morries, "original sketch combina-  
tion"; "The clever No. 9's"; A. P.  
Brage, "the wonderful wizard"; P.  
Malone, "side-splitting laughter maker";  
Mary Hyde, "the talented Scottish  
Danceuse"; Pte. Simpson, reciter; Sgt.  
McGregor, a noted singer and other.  
This show was stage-managed by Mr.  
A. C. Leith, assisted by Lt. Cpl. E. G.  
Fibber, 25th Middlesex Regt.

In addition to all the above there were  
donkey rides for children, the donkeys  
coming from "the far-famed mews" of  
Messrs. N. J. Stabb, H. W. Looker,  
and Nicol, while a pony-carriage was  
provided by Mr. MacCrae for the enjoyment  
of the very small ones. Dr. Forsyth,  
assisted by Mr. Stevenson, and  
Messrs. James H. Taggart, introduced the  
famous Italian delicacy "Honey-Pole,"  
grinding his ice-cream stall round the  
ground and doing a good trade. There  
were telephones installed for the public  
use, a packing booth for the convenience  
of those who had too many parcels to  
carry, a branch post office, and, of course,  
a tea-stall where refreshments were  
served by the Hongkong Hotel. There was  
even a bank run by Mr. M. A. Murray,  
assisted by Messrs. M. A. Gordon,  
Henderson, E. E. Hosie, G. B. Dunnett,  
J. Gibb, A. B. Stewart, F. M. Crawford,  
W. Greig and R. Kennedy, where those  
who had run short of funds could  
replenish their coffers in exchange for a  
recognised signature. Everything had  
been thought of and everything was  
carried out in a very business-like and  
efficient manner. The fair remained open  
until a late hour, last evening and will  
be continued to-morrow, so that, of  
course, it is most possible to estimate  
the whole undertaking will be a great finan-  
cial success, however, has been thoroughly  
earned and it is hoped it will be achieved.

## RESULT OF THE COLLECTIONS

Interviewed last evening Mr. R. Suther-  
land said that as far as could be ascer-  
tained roughly the results of the day's  
activities were:—

Collections	\$10,000
Raffles	4,000
Auctions	1,000

Messrs. Cheap Jack and Sons, the Bran  
Pie, and Miss Anton's stall were practi-  
cally sold out, but visitors to the Fair  
to-day (Saturday) need have no fear that  
there will be nothing to buy.

Further contributions of goods for sale  
will be welcomed and may be either sent  
to Mr. Sutherland's office at Messrs.  
Jardine, Matheson & Company, or to the  
Fair ground direct during the forenoon.

## OFFICIALS AND HELPERS.

The Committee responsible for the arrange-  
ments for the Fair were:—Mr. R. M.  
Dyer (Chairman), Mr. O. H. P. Hay  
(Managing Hon. Secretary), Mr. B. Hen-  
derson (Assistant Hon. Secretary), Mr. M. A.  
Murray (Hon. Treasurer), Mr. J. R. Gor-  
don (Assistant Hon. Treasurer), Hon. Mr.  
W. Chatham, O.M.G., Hon. Mr. C. E.  
Anton, Hon. Mr. R. O. Sherman, Mr. T. E.  
Hough, Mr. R. Sutherland, Mr. A. G. Gor-  
don, Mr. D. Macdonald, Mr. A. O. Lang,  
Dr. Forsyth, Mr. J. Reid, Mr. K. E. Greig,  
Mr. D. Templeton, Mr. A. Davidson, Mr.  
A. E. Henderson, Mr. W. Nicholson, Mr.  
N. Hamilton, Mr. D. Harvey, Mr. F.  
Grubb, Mr. J. McCubbin, Mr. J. Hyde,  
Mr. J. Taggart, Mr. G. Hughes, Mr. K. M.  
Gunning, Mr. D. Keith, Mr. F. Souer and  
Lieut. Gerrard.



The Executive Committee was composed of the following:—Mr. R. Sutherland (Chairman), Mr. John Macdonald (Hon. Treasurer), Mr. J. H. Wallace (Hon. Secretary), Mr. A. Macdonald (Assistant Secretary), Mr. W. C. Jack, Dr. Forsyth, Mr. T. F. Bough, Mr. J. Reid and the Members of Committee of St. Andrew's Society (ex-officio).

The Conveners of Sub-Committees were:—Mr. D. Gov and Miss Neave (Kowloon); Mr. W. Murray Scott and Mrs. Templeton (Taikoo); Dr. and Mrs. Black and Mr. E. Ormiston (Central); Mrs. Chatham, Mrs. Sutherland, Mrs. Mackenzie (Peak); Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Shaw (East Point); and Capt. and Mrs. Milroy (West Point).

The Publicity Committee, who discharged their duties with such thoroughness that everyone must have had a suspicion that it was "Heather Day" consisted of Mr. T. Petrie and Mr. B. Wylie.

## COLLECTORS.

PEAK DISTRICT.—Messdames Chatham, McPherson, Murray Scott, Parker Rees, Wilson, Pearce, Miller, Dunbar, Newall, Crawford, MacKenzie, G. P. Lammeret, Sutherland, Mackichan, Hallifax, Cousland, McGregor, Macfarlane, Leask, Ritchie and Wolfe; the Misses Ritchie, Denison, M. Rodger and D. Rodger; and the following children—Eileen, both McPherson, Ailie and Billy Gale, Lavonia Leask, Irid Parker Rees, Annie and Jack Miller, Billy Dunbar, Sheila Lang, Tara Newall, Alex. Pearce, Russell M. Irvine, Helen MacKenzie, Eileen Lammeret, Ailie, Margery and Heather McGregor, F. Neil Wilson, Ainslie Hallifax, Edward and Marion Wolfe and Gordon Chatham.

EAST POINT DISTRICT.—Messdames Baker, Douglas, Melling, Rodger, Sim, MacQuinn, and MacDougall (Singapore); Miss McEwen; and the following children:—Betty Baker, Florie Hamilton, Marjory Hansen, Anna Sim, Ada Sim, Sarah Shaw, Cathie Shaw and Alex. Shaw.

WEST POINT DISTRICT.—Messdames James Walker, T. O'Connell, David Smith, M. McLean, A. K. Taylor, J. H. Barr, and J. H. Kynoch; and the following children—Winnie Lawson, Beatrice May Taylor, Phyllis Goodall, Nancy McEwen, Kathleen McEwen, Muriel McEwen, Willie Lawson, and Alick J. Taylor.

QUARRY BAY DISTRICT.—Messdames D. Templeton, Daisie Reid, Foulds, Dickson, Middleton, Drummond, Mitchell, and Angus; Miss Mitchell; and the following children—John Hunter and Margaret Reid, Helen Templeton, Jean Daisie, Gray Daisie, Jean and Clara Brown, George and Charles Dickson, Ina and Elsie Simpson, Jack and Willie Gardner, Jenn and Willie Vandy, Agnes and Annie Middleton, and Jackie Sleat.

KOWLOON DISTRICT.—Messdames Anderson, Aiken, Alexander, Curry, Dyer, Duncan, Donald, Chas. Forsyth, Wm. Forsyth, Fleming, Hatcher, Gordon, Gerrard, Grant, Harvey, Hyde, Henderson, Kynoch, Martin, Mitchell, Nicol, Macaskill, Ogilvie, Robertson, Russell, Robinson, Scott, Smyth, Thorburn, Tarrant and Warden; the Misses Anderson, D. Alexander, E. Curry, D. Curry, E. Forsyth, M. Hyde, E. Knight, B. Martin, M. Neave, F. Neave, M. Nicol, P. Ogilvie, C. Russell, M. Russell, M. Ramsay, M. Scott, A. Smyth, Stewart, N. Thorburn, and B. Tarrant; Masters H. Duncan, W. Forsyth, A. Gordon, H. Gordon, W. Gerrard, W. Gerrard, J. H. Hyde, D. Harvey, B. Kynoch, J. Logan, T. Neave, D. Ogilvie, S. Ogilvie and A. Robertson.

CENTRAL DISTRICT.—Messdames Ham, Wallace, John Weir, F. Macdonald, Biss, M. Muir, Turnbull, Newhouse, Nicol, David Wood, Moore, Morrison, Sachse, Tod, Logan, McKay, Mudie, Blair, Falconer, Lawson, Hall, Stevenson, McAlain, Fraser, F. McCloud, McEwen, E. S. Thomson, Taggart, Maitland, Jack, C. F. Pirrie, W. G. Lawson, Borthwick, David Muir, James Hunter, Watt, Anderson, Davidson, Chapman, W. Lyle, Wotherspoon, Hamilton, Farrell, Ferguson, Korr, Soutar and Hodgins; the Misses Gordon, McKenzie, Davidson, Nancy McNeill, Phat, Jack, Helson, Palfrey, Scott, Russell, Angel Ormiston, Annie Wallace, Dolly Haynes, Lily Haynes, Sloan, Laurence, Gillis, Waddell, Graham, Watson, McKewen (A), McCubbin, Stoddart, MacKenzie (D), Goodall, Jessam, Harris, Walter, Ann Watt, Elsie Watt, Agnes Watt, Dolly Lyon, J. Rodger, McKee, Crieke, Angus, Ina Morrison, McNeill, Russell, Nan Ferguson, Betty Ferguson, Biss (2), McLauchlan, Ventris, Filkins and Betty Hammond; Masters Robert Watt, Jimmy Lyon, D. McCubbin and W. Barr.

## SCOTTISH WOMEN'S RAFFLE

The above raffle was drawn last evening. The winning tickets were:—

Prizes	Nos.
1st Silver tea set and tray	2564
2nd Silver sweet dish	3620
3rd Silver pearl pendant	1735
4th Hand sewing machine	1623
5th Silver vase	1607
6th Doll and Scotch cradle	3701
7th Electric saucepan	1776
8th Cushion	1461
9th Pair of Old Brass vases	1717
10th Electric cooking range	2552
11th Tea cloth	506
12th Doll's wooden cradle	1430
13th Electric Iron	1709
14th Cushion	1183
15th Table stove	2264
16th Cushion	2264
17th Electric travelling stove	1802
18th Breakfast heater	1910
19th Hand sewing machine	2390
20th Cushion	2554
21st Pair of brass photo frames	1828
22nd Tea cloth	2426
23rd Pair of the yacht "Norman Conart" with the yacht No. 163, and that for "Fish Kake" by ticket No. 300.	

The Hongkong Club was open to the lady friends of members yesterday, and there was a large attendance at 11 p.m.

## HONGKONG MAGISTRACY.

## OPIUM PROSECUTION.

A Chinese was charged with being in unlawful possession of 12 taels of opium. Sergeant Allen stated that defendant, who is employed on board a launch, was arrested in a compradore's shop on suspicion, and the opium was found concealed in his pocket.

Mr. Wood fined defendant \$1,000; in default, four months' hard labour.

## DELIBERATE ATTEMPT TO SMUGGLE A RIFLE.

A Chinese, just returned from America, was charged with the unlawful possession of a Winchester rifle.

Revenue Officer McKenzie, who effected defendant's arrest, stated that the pieces of the rifle were concealed in defendant's baggage.

Mr. Dyer Ball remarked that it was a deliberate attempt at smuggling, and fined defendant \$50, ordering the rifle to be confiscated.

## A DOCK LABOURER'S THEFT OF BRASS.

A Chinese dock labourer was charged with stealing several pieces of brass valued at \$10.

Inspector Sim stated that on Wednesday night the defendant went out with several of his mates through the Dock Yard gates. As he was hurrying, suspicion was aroused, and sergeant Allen arrested him. It was found that the man had a quantity of brass concealed in the folds of his trousers. Defendant had been employed in the dockyard for eight years.

Mr. J. R. Wood sentenced defendant to six weeks' hard labour.

## MURDER OF PO ON MARINE CO'S ACCOUNTANT.

## ANOTHER ARREST MADE.

Another Chinese was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, yesterday, in connection with the murder of the Chinese accountant of the Po On Marine and Fire Insurance Co., at Wing Lok Street, and also with the theft of \$1,000 in bank notes from an arm. It will be remembered that a Chinese was charged a week or so ago with the murder.

Mr. Leo d'Almeida appeared for the defendant.

Mr. Wood asked what procedure was to be adopted in the case.

The Police Inspector replied that both defendants should be tried together. The Crown Solicitor would prosecute.

The case was remanded till Monday.

## MARINE HAWKER IN TROUBLE.

A marine hawker was charged with the theft of an iron shackles belonging to a steamer.

Inspector Gordon stated that defendant was walking along the Canton Road, carrying a basket containing old clothes. Underneath these were iron shackles, covered with wet paint. Defendant was taken on board the steamer, where the shackles was claimed by the third officer. The ship was being painted the same colour as that with which the shackles was painted.

Defendant pleaded that he bought the shackles from another Chinese and had no idea that it had been stolen.

Mr. J. O. Potter, the third officer, identified the shackles as belonging to the ship.

Mr. J. R. Wood sentenced defendant to a month's hard labour.

As the defendant was being taken away to gaol, he burst out crying. His wife and family followed his example and quite a scene ensued, which was only ended by the defendant being bodily removed from the Court.

## ACCUSED TURNS ACCUSER.

Two Chinese were charged with the larceny of 440 pounds of pig-iron from a steamer in harbour.

Mr. M. K. Lo appeared for the defendants.

Inspector Gordon stated that one of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamers was transferring about a hundred tons of pig-iron from one hold to another and, in the course of the work, had to deposit the iron on the wharf. Mr. U. Barros, one of the officers from the Agency, who was overseeing the transference, noticed that a certain quantity of pig-iron had been removed from the main heap and was being loaded by the defendants into a junk on the opposite side of the wharf. Mr. Barros had the men arrested. The boatwoman identified the second defendant as the person who engaged her boat. The defendants stated that they had bought the iron from the chief officer of the ship. He, however, emphatically denied that he was a party to the transaction. He did not go on to the wharf at all; he was too busy attending to his duties. The second defendant, in a statement made at the Police Station, alleged that it was with the connivance of the quartermaster that the iron was being transferred to the junk. That statement, also, had been stoutly denied.

Mr. Lo—The defence is that the men bought the iron from the chief officer, so that I may get to know the facts of the case.

Mr. Wood—I'll remand the case till this afternoon.

Mr. Lo—Could you not fix it for Monday? I have got a meeting at the Chinese Chamber of Commerce to attend; it is a very important one.

Mr. Wood—Well, to-morrow morning at 11.30.

Mr. Lo—Cannot the case be remanded till Monday? I understand that the ship is leaving on Tuesday. It is most inconvenient for me to attend to-morrow.

Mr. Wood—No, I think between 11 a.m. and 12 noon to-morrow the best time.

Mr. Lo—It is inconvenient, but as it cannot be helped, I suppose, it will have to do.

The case was remanded till to-day, bail being fixed at \$500 each.

## HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

## ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS BY MAJOR E. A. MORRIS, ADMINISTRATIVE COMMANDANT.

## STRENGTH.

Sapper C. E. Bathman joined the Corps on 24th Nov. 1917, and is posted to Engineer Company.

Pte. J. H. Irvine was enrolled on 29th Nov. 1917, and posted to Machine-gun Company.

Pte. H. B. Pereira, "A" Co., is permitted to resign on recommendation of a Medical Board, dated 10th Nov. 1917.

Pte. J. H. Taggart, Machine-gun Co., is permitted to resign on recommendation of a Medical Board, dated 10th Nov. 1917.

Spr. A. Warren Smith is permitted to resign on leaving the Colony, dated 27th Nov. 1917.

Pte. J. S. McKenzie is permitted to resign on leaving the Colony, dated 24th Nov. 1917.

LEAVE.—Sapper A. E. Seals is granted 1 month's leave from 30th Nov. 1917.

Pte. K. M. Cumming is granted one year's leave from 30th Nov. 1917.

APPLICATIONS FOR LEAVE.

During the time the Infantry Battalion is in Camp, applications for leave received after mid-day on Fridays will not be dealt with until 9 a.m. on the Mondays following.

KOWLOON BATTY.

Members of the Corps proceeding to Kowloon en route to Camp by other than the special ferries must pay their fares and recover same from the Adjutant afterwards.

MUSKETRY.

It is to be noted by all ranks that the Annual Musketry Course must be fired in the proper sequence, i.e., Part 1 must be completed before Part 2 is commenced and Part 2 must be completed before Part 3 is commenced.

ALLOCATION OF RIFLE RANGE.

The Peak Range is allotted to the 95th Battalion and the 1st Regiment, from 7 a.m. to dusk from 24th Nov. 1917, until completion of Parts 1 and 2 Annual General Musketry Course.

ORDERS FOR ARTILLERY COMPANY BY CAPTAIN J. H. W. ARMSTRONG, V.D.

PARADES—AT BELCHERS BATTERY.

Monday, 3rd Dec.—

7.30 a.m. Right Half Co., D.R.F. Class only.

8.15 p.m. Left Half Co., D.R.F. Class only.

Tuesday, 4th Dec.—

7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. Full Parade.

8.15 p.m. Left Half Co. Full Parade.

Thursday, 6th Dec.—

7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. (Gun number other than specialists).

8.15 p.m. Left Half Co. (Gun number other than specialists).

Friday, 7th Dec.—

7.30 a.m. Right Half Co. Layers and Setters Class only.

8.15 p.m. Left Half Co. Layers and Setters only.

ORDERS FOR ENGINEER COMPANY BY CAPT. V. RUSSELL.

30th Nov. to 7th Dec.—

E. L. Manning nightly at Belchers and Lyceum. Parades as per Rosters posted at Headquarters.

Engine drivers at 6.15 p.m. Electricians at 8.30 p.m.

Officers next for duty at 8 p.m. Belchers, Capt. W. Russell.

Lyceum, Sub-Lieut. Stevenson.

Stonemasons, Sub-Lieut. Stevenson.

Parades for Instruction—Classes for higher ratings at Belchers at 6 p.m. on Tuesday and Thursday, under Staff-Sergeants, Ovenden and Parsons.

R.E. Corporal Day and 2nd-Corpl. Norris, R.E.D.C.

Detail of Belchers Beliefs for Dec. 1917, is posted at Headquarters.

Detail of duties at Lyceum from 1st to 16th Dec. is posted at Headquarters.

ORDERS FOR INFANTRY BATTALION BY MAJOR E. A. MORRIS.

PARADES.

(For members of the Corps not in Camp on the dates mentioned.)

Monday, 3rd Dec.—

4.30 p.m. Annual Musketry Course, Part 1, Practices 1 and 2, at King's Park Range, for Officers, N.C.O.s and men (other than Signalling Section, Recruits, men over 50 years of age and "D" Co.) who have not fired these practices. Dress: Drill order.

Wednesday, 6th Dec.—

4.30 p.m. Annual Musketry Course, Part 1, Practices 3 and 4, at King's Park Range, for Officers, N.C.O.s and men (other than Signalling Section, Recruits, men over 50 years of age and "D" Co.) who have not fired these practices. Dress: Drill order.

RECRUITS.

(Those not attending Camp only.)

Monday, 3rd Dec.—

8.15 p.m. All units, except "D" Co., at Headquarters, under Sergeant Osberry, Lance-Sergeant Moore and Cpl. Grimes. Dress: Drill order.

8.15 p.m. Quarry Bay residents at Taikee Dock.

"D" COMPANY.

Wednesday, 6th Dec.—

8.15 p.m. New members (joined since 1st Sept. 1917), at Headquarters, under C.B.M. Cooke and such other instructors as may be available.

8.15 p.m. Quarry Bay residents at Taikee Dock.

ORDERS FOR CADDY COMPANY BY 2ND-LIEUT. J. E. W. BEARD.

PARADES.

Monday, 3rd Dec.—

8.15 p.m. No. 1 and 2 Sections at Headquarters.

8.30 p.m. Buglers at Headquarters.

Wednesday, 6th Dec.—

8.15 p.m. No. 2 and 3 Sections at Yau-mai Kowloon Ground.

8.30 p.m. Buglers at Yau-mai Kowloon Ground.

8.30 p.m. Gymnasium at St. Andrew's Church Hall.

CAMP.

The Company will go into Camp on 26th December at Lo Wu. This is compulsory. All members must attend.

(Sd.) G. E. Stewart, Capt., Adjutant, H.K.D.C.

Hongkong, 20th November, 1917.

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

## SPORT.

## BILLIARDS.

## SOLDIERS' CLUB TOURNAMENT.

In this tournament at the Soldiers' Club, on Thursday, the Volunteers increased their lead over the R.A.M.C. by 146 points. Scores:—

1st. "A" Co., R.E.D.C. 180 Pte. Gardiner 250

Staff-Sgt. Loder 163 Pte. Jennings 200

## CRICKET.

## CRAIGENOWER v. 8th CO. R.G.A.

In this friendly match, to be played today on the Craigenower, C.G. Ground, the home team will consist of:—

1st. A. Ross, W. Graham, W. E. Edmonds, D. K. Kharras, F. Rapp, T. Thompson, F. Thompson, T. Ford, F. Schnepel, W. Pitt and K. Basa.

## ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

The Club and Navy meet again to-day in the United-States League. The game last week was rather unsatisfactory as three penalties occurred in it. The reason for the first penalty has been much discussed. In the stand it was impossible to say what happened, although a large number of spectators, either very ignorant of the rules of the game or having a poor opinion of the qualifications of the referee, were convinced that it was given for "carrying." A penalty cannot, however, be awarded on account of the goalkeeper carrying, and carrying consists of taking more than two steps while holding the ball. As a matter of fact, it was given for tripping, the foul occurring inside the penalty area after the first free kick, which was awarded just outside the penalty area. If both sides make up their mind to "play the game" this afternoon, in any circumstances, spectators are assured of a fine struggle.

An equally interesting match will take place on the Navy ground, where the R.E. and R.G.A. meet for the first time this season. Last year these teams met four times without reaching a definite result; each match ending in a draw. Both teams, and especially that of the sappers, have undergone great changes since last season, and to-day's match should be very interesting. The sappers will have to play rather better than they did on Wednesday, or they will suffer their first defeat.

There are two games down for decision in the Second Division. That between Kowloon and the R.E. Reserves should be very open, with the result possibly a draw. A great struggle should take place between St. Joseph's College and the Staff and Departments. The former will probably win, but, if they do, it will be by a narrow margin.

## TODAY'S MATCHES.

## UNITED SERVICES LEAGUE.

H.K.D.C. v. Navy—Club Ground. Kick-off, 4 p.m. Referee, Mr. Pugh.

R.G.A. v. R.E.—Navy Ground. Kick-off, 4 p.m. Referee, Mr. Louch.

The R.G.A. will be represented by:—Davies, Edgeler and Dickenson, Gorman, Telford, and Townsend, Youngman, Gretton, Green, Taylor, and Baxter.

DIVISION II.

Kowloon v. R.E. Res.—Navy Ground. Kick-off, 2.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Tucker.

St. Joseph's College v. Staff and Departments—Club Ground. Kick-off, 2.30 p.m. Referee, Mr. Dickenson.

HIG ANTHRACITE COALFIELDS DISCOVERED IN JAPAN.

The discovery of a great deposit of anthracite coal has been made in the district of Maedzuru, Kyoto, by Professor Kichib, of Kyoto to Imperial University.

The deposits extend over a vast area of 20,000,000 tsubo in the Districts of Kasa, Ikuraga and Amata. They make up more than thirty mining lots and measure sixteen miles from east to west. There are four veins, the largest being twenty feet wide and another ten feet. Coal lies on the surface at many places.

It is believed that this mine is the largest ever found in Hondu.

## N.Y.K. DIVIDEND.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors, recently, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha decided to declare a dividend of 50 per cent. for the last six months, and to set aside Y.5,000,000 towards the reserve fund. It was further decided to increase the capital from Y.44,000,000 to Y.100,000,000 in May next.

## HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR DUTIES.

Owing to altered arrangements, the following Orders are issued concerning Special Patrols detailed by No. 2 Company for to-day, Saturday, December 1st:

(a)—1st Shift Patrols will not report for duty.

(b)—2nd Shift will report at Headquarters Club at 8.15 p.m., instead of at 4.45 p.m.

(c)—3rd Shift will report at 8.45 p.m. Both 2nd and 3rd Shifts will wear caps without covers.

MUSKETRY.

Staff and other details warned for Musketry will leave Blake Pier at 9 a.m. on Sunday, December 2nd.

F. C. JERKIN, D.S.P. (R.).

November 30th.

## NOTICE.

CADY COMPANY.

Saturday, 8th Dec.—

No. 1 and 2 Sections at Victoria School Ground.

No. 2 and 3 Sections at Yau-mai Kowloon Ground.

School Ground.

Kick-off, 2.30 p.m. sharp.

## INTIMATIONS.

## LANE, CRAWFORD &amp; COMPANY.

## LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

## ROBES OF THE MOMENT IN NEWEST FABRICS.

## BLOUSES OF TASTE IN VARIOUS MATERIALS.

## GOLFERS IN EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS IN SILK AND WOOL.

## HATS FOR ALL OCCASIONS AT MODERATE PRICES.

## SHOES FOR DAY AND EVENING WEAR in "Lotus" and "Walkover" Brands.

## MOTOR COATS.

## LANE, CRAWFORD &amp; CO.

## ANDERSEN, MEYER &amp; CO., LIMITED.

Phone 1990.



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

GOLF.

It has been suggested that a SPECIAL BOGEY COMPETITION should be played over St. Andrew's between 3 P.M. and 6.30 P.M. TO-DAY (SATURDAY). There will be separate competitions for Ladies and Gentlemen. Cards \$3 each. Any number of cards may be taken. [1337]

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

TU-NIGHT.

BOXING! BOXING!! At St. Andrew's Fair. THREE SPECIAL 6 Round Contests. For valuable presented prizes. Admission to Fair for Sailors and Soldiers in uniform:—50 cents and to Boxing Booth, 10 cents. Ring-side Seats:—\$2.00. Referee, Mr. W. BAILLY. Commence at 9 P.M. sharp. [1343]

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR ZOO.

DURING the afternoon there will be for sale at the Zoo the following:—Pure bred Fox Terriers and Dogs of every description. Pure bred Pigeons; Turkeys, Geese, Pigs, Monkeys, Cats, Rabbits, Guinea Pigs, etc., etc. Auction at 4 P.M. [1341]

ST. ANDREW'S FAIR.

FURTHER Contributions of GOODS for Sale at the Fair will be Welcomed. They may be sent to Mr. R. SUTHERLAND, Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co's Office, or to Miss ANTON'S Stall at the Fair in the afternoon. [1342]



SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

TO THE OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 3 of the DOMESTIC CLEANLINESS AND VENTILATION BY-LAWS (as amended), every Domestic Building or part of such Building within the CENTRAL Division of the City of Victoria, and the WESTERN Division of Kowloon, occupied by Members of more than one family, except those within the European Reservation or in Kowloon South of Austin Road or those parts of a Domestic Building used as a Shop, Office or Godown, must be CLEANED and LIMEWASHED THROUGHOUT by the owners during the months of December and January.

N.B.—The word "throughout" used in this Notice means that the House should be lime washed in respect of all the Walls of each Room, all Chimney Partitions, Stair Casings and Stair Landings, all Ceilings and the Undersides of Beams in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters and inclusive of Verandahs. The Backyard must have its containing Walls limewashed up to the level of the First Floor. Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork in good condition, however, need not be limewashed, but must be Cleaned.

The Board is prepared to limewash FREE OF CHARGE a limited number of Buildings in those Divisions. OWNERS who desire to avail themselves of this offer should apply in writing to the Secretary on or before the 7th December, 1917.

Choice among applicants will be in the absolute discretion of the President. The CENTRAL Division of the City lies between Gilman Street and Peel Street on the East and Tank Lane and Cleverly Street on the West. The EASTERN and WESTERN Divisions by Nathan Road and a straight line drawn from the NORTH end through the Yau-mai service reservoir to the NORTHERN Boundary of Kowloon. C. M. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary. Dated this 30th day of November, 1917. [1339]

JOINT SERVICE

OF THE "NEDERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM LLOYD" ROYAL MAIL LINES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship "ORANIE" having arrived from SAN FRANCISCO, Consignees of Goods are hereby notified that all Goods being landed at their wharves at the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., wharves and/or from the steamer delivery may be obtained. No claim will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after noon of the 9th Dec will be subject to risk. All Claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 30th Dec, or they will not be recognized. All broken, chipped, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 7th Dec, at 10 A.M., by the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas. No Fire Insurance whatsoever has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JAYA-CHINA JAPAN LINE, Agents. Hongkong, 29th November, 1917. [1340]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that we have This Day REMOVED our Office to the Second Floor of No. 7, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL. BRUNNER, MOND & Co., Ltd. [1335]

LOST

\$10 REWARD.

TWO SOUTH AFRICAN MEDALS (Evening dress) on ribbon and clasp. Lieut. Col. CHISH. 4th, Nathan Road, Kowloon. [1336]

CENTRAL BUREAU OF LIQUIDATION OF THE DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK IN CHINA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under instructions from the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of China, the business in China of the Deutscher-Asiatische Bank has been placed in liquidation. And all Parties of Chinese, Allied and Neutral nationalities having claims against the said Bank in Canton are hereby required to notify the Central Bureau of Liquidation of their claims, within one month from this date.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that all Parties indebted to the said Bank must discharge their liabilities within one month from this date, after which period the Central Bureau of Liquidation will take such action as may be necessary. LOCAL BUREAU OF LIQUIDATION OF THE DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK, CANTON. Canton, 1st December, 1917. [1338]

4% FRENCH LOAN.

(RENTS FRANCHISE 4%).

THE BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE beg to announce that they are prepared to receive and forward to Paris, free of commission and telegram charges, at the selling rate of T. T. on Paris, applications for the above Loan, which will shortly be open to public subscription. The list of applications will be CLOSED IN PARIS ON DECEMBER 16th, 1917, and those intending to subscribe are invited to apply without delay. Issue Price: 88.60. Full particulars will be supplied on application to the BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE, 5, Chater Road. [1290]

4% FRENCH GOVERNMENT LOAN 1917.

Price of Issue Frs. 68.60

Bearing interest from the 16th Dec., 1917, payable quarterly. Free of Taxes.

Not to be redeemed for 25 years.

Subscription List will be closed on the 12th December, 1917.

Bills and Bonds of the "National Defence" bought before the 1st November, 1914, are accepted in payment.

Applications will be received by:

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE, 10, Chater Road, Hongkong, 9th November, 1917. [1333]



COLONIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that SEALED TENDERS in duplicate for QUARRIES will be received at this Office until MONDAY, the 3rd of December, 1917, for the letting of the undermentioned Granite Quarries at Hongkong, Kowloon, and the New Territories, for one year from the 1st January, 1918.

Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt to the effect that the tenderer has deposited in the Colonial Treasury a sum of \$50 as a pledge of the bona fides of his offer, which sum shall be forfeited to the Crown if the tenderer refuses to carry out his tender and comply with the conditions hereinafter contained, should the tender be accepted. The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender. Forms of tender can be obtained from the Director of Public Works. Conditions of letting and plans of the Quarries can be seen on application to the Principal Land Surveyor, P.W.D.

PARTICULARS OF THE QUARRIES.

Quarry Lots No.	Approximate Area in Acres	Upper Limit in Cords
That Tan Mut No. 2.	12.92	8,800
Bhaukiwan Nos. 3 & 4.	78.90	3,200
Hok Tin No. 6.	3.44	2,100
Ma Tan Kok No. 7.	6.70	700
Do. No. 8.	4.90	1,800
Ma Ti No. 9.	1.94	900
Jordan Road No. 10.	4.65	1,000
Yau-mai No. 11.	2.98	1,000
Ngai Tan Kok No. 6.	2.90	800
Ngai Tan Kok Nos. 1-5, 7, 8, 10, 19, 20, & 25.	10.15	1,200
Ngai Tan Kok Nos. 9 & 11.	2.90	600
14, 21, & 22.	24.44	2,700
Cha Kwo Ling Nos. 1-50.	16.93	600
Sai Tau Nos. 1-116.	26.44	3,000
Leywood Nos. 1-25.	26.44	3,000
Pak Tsan Heung No. 12.	4.33	1,200

INTIMATION

WATSON'S COLD CURE TABLETS

CURE A COLD IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME.

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FOR NEURALGIA AND MALARIAL HEADACHE.

Copy of repeat order recently received from England:—

"All Saints Lodge,"

Howley,

Blackwater,

Hants.

Mrs. — will be much obliged by Messrs. WATSON sending to her by post 10 bottles of their "Cold Cure." She will be glad to have these as soon as possible, as she is to-day sending her last bottle to her son (Capt. —, of the Buffs), who is at the front and finds the Tablets excellent for stopping Cold."

PREPARED ONLY BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD., HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

TELEPHONE 36.

[12]

BIRTH

ROBERTSON.—At 168, Peel, on November 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. L. ROBERTSON, a son. [1334]

DEATH

DAVIES.—At the Shanghai General Hospital, on November 25th, GEORGE WILLIAM DAVIES, aged 71 years.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOUZ ROAD, C. LEYWOOD. OFFICE: 181, PRINCE STREET, S.O.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, 1st DECEMBER, 1917.

CO-OPERATION & COMPETITION.

The recent announcement that more Trade Commissioners have been appointed for Canada, South Africa and Australasia will, no doubt, meet with approval in commercial circles. We may hope for an addition to the number of such aids to commerce in China, for it is becoming more and more evident that in modern industry it is necessary to create a demand for goods, and that can best be done by the assistance of expert agents in a position to advise as to the best methods to use in each market. The old idea of the Manchester school of the days of Cobden and Bright was that any assistance—or, as they termed it, interference—by the State was undesirable, but, as experience accumulates, and new conditions arise, we see the need for revising our methods. A new science of economics has grown up and valuable statistics have been accumulated. It is now generally admitted that the State has more duties to perform than people of one or two generations ago recognised. The Germans have made experiments, some of which proved successful, and other countries have tested new trade theories in practice with encouraging results. It would be foolish for the citizens of the British Empire to ignore these facts. Above all, the demands of the war have introduced remarkable changes concerning trade in the Empire itself, and nobody believes that it will be possible, when peace is restored, to return to the precise conditions which obtained before August, 1914.

For a long time the chief concern of our statesmen has been the attitude of labour towards capital. Mr. Lloyd George, a day or two ago, received what he described as "a unique deputation" of employers and workmen in the ship-building trades. It is to be hoped that this heralds the beginning of some new and permanent method of preventing the great loss to national efficiency that has been suffered in the past through lengthy disputes between labour and capital. In recent years the Government has attempted, often very successfully, to adjust these disputes, but public opinion was divided, in the pre-war days, as to how far it was necessary or desirable for the State to intervene. It seems as if, in this matter as in so many others, there will be a sharp contrast between public opinion before and after the terrible experience of fighting the Central Powers.

It must be confessed that the whole mechanism of Government lent itself much more readily in Germany than in Great Britain to the rapid assumption by the State of the control of industry. Not long after the outbreak of hostilities a great institution, called the Central Einkang-Gesellschaft, was formed in Berlin. By means of this organisation the Government appointed men from civil life to control, on its behalf, all imports of raw material, and from that time onwards every German who wanted raw material for use in his factory had to purchase it from this source. Experts incline to the belief that the system will be continued in Germany in the days of peace. If a German manufacturer requires, for example, copper or leather from abroad the Central Einkang-Gesellschaft will obtain it for him. It will buy, not for one manufacturer, but for many, and will have its agents all over the world ready to purchase raw materials in huge quantities. That is an elaboration of practice followed by some big commercial undertakings in Great Britain, and appears to be a very economical method of encouraging industry by what is practically a guarantee of cheap raw material. The Germans endorse the Socialist view that the logical development of all industry lies in combination, and they openly scorn the attempts made in America to break up trusts. In this particular case, they have carried their logic to the furthest point possible by making only one huge combination, but they have also taken the precaution of placing it under the direction of the State, and that is simply State Socialism. The attitude even of the people of the United States upon this problem appears to have undergone some modification. There is a bill before Congress designed to benefit the producer by enabling those engaged in the export trade to combine. The Americans, as their newspapers plainly show, recognise that trusts and combinations are not only permitted but encouraged in Germany. The "Cartel" is a system, or an institution, which has certainly obtained advantages for Germany's manufacturers.

The theory of the last quarter of the nineteenth century in Great Britain was that competition was the great stimulus to activity. The remarkable discoveries of Darwin, and the trenchant interpretation of them by HUXLEY, SPENCER and the other Victorian champions of the theory of the "survival of the fittest," influenced all thought of that period. There are signs, however, of a great reaction from this idea that life is governed only by the law of tooth and claw. The tendency of all social legislation in Great Britain for a decade before the commencement of the war was in the direction of State assistance for the weak, and in the near future we may find thoughtful business men accepting the dictum that competition is but a relic of barbarism, and that one of the first symptoms of a higher civilisation is the effort to substitute co-operation for the crude and wasteful methods of intense competition. The difficulty, of course, is to obtain the advantages of combination without the evils of monopoly. It cannot be denied that during the last forty years the Germans won great commercial successes, and that many of those successes were due to the fact that every manufacturer, exporter, and inventor in the Empire knew that he had behind him the full weight and influence of the Government in his efforts to develop commerce.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 17th November amounted to 68,186 tons and the sales to 73,993 tons.

The Bishop of Victoria will to-morrow (Sunday) celebrate the Holy Communion at the Peak Church at 8.15, preach at St. Peter's at 11 A.M., and preach at the Cathedral at 6 P.M.

THE SERVICE DOLLAR. COMMENTS BY "TRUTH."

The following appears in Truth dated September 28th:—

Following the rise in the price of silver, the Hongkong dollar has now soared to 3s. 2½d., so that the hardship to naval and military officers and men in that Colony has become more serious than even since I first drew attention to the matter some weeks back. Their Service pay, on a sterling basis, is converted into dollars and cents at the average rate of the exchange for the preceding month. A year ago the dollar stood at about 2s. For every £1 due to him the sailor or soldier then got ten dollars. Now he will get six and some odd cents. Not only has his pay been automatically cut down to this enormous extent, but what is left is worth less than it used to be, owing to the rise in the prices of most of the things he buys.

It is plainly a monstrous injustice that officers and men stationed in the service of the British Government at Hongkong should be allowed to suffer in this way through the fluctuations in the rate of exchange. I am told that the naval and military authorities on the spot have made representations to the Admiralty and the War Office, and the Hongkong Weekly Press states that the local Chamber of Commerce and the China Association have also taken up the cudgels on behalf of the Services. Civil servants in the Colony receive four-fifths of their sterling pay at the rate of 1s. 6d. to the dollar, and the balance at the prevailing rate. There ought to be a similar arrangement for the Army and Navy, and, in view of the heavy loss they have sustained in the past, it should be made retrospective.

In connection with this subject I lately published a statement by a former resident at Hongkong to the effect that it is possible for an officer to make an annual agreement with a bank for the exchange of his Service pay at a fixed rate for the ensuing year. As to this officer, now in France, writes to say that in all the years in which he soldiered in Hongkong he never heard that such an arrangement could be made, and evidently, therefore, it has not been a general practice. In any event, it would not really meet the grievance that exists."

CANTON NEWS.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG NGOI SAN PO."]

CANTON, November 30th.

THE CIVIL GOVERNOR.

The Civil Governor, Li Yew-hon, on various requests, has agreed to return to Canton to undertake the Governorship until a successor is elected. The Provincial Assembly has passed a resolution requesting the Civil Governor, Li Yew-hon, to explain why he requested the Peking Government to allow him to resign, and why he sent delegates to Peking at a time when independence had been decided in the Province.

Numerous leaders of the army and navy have requested the Assembly to elect a new Civil Governor at an early date. Admiral Chiang Jik-kwong has also made the same request.

SWATOW AFFAIRS.

Owing to situation at Swatow becoming worse two certain Consuls have requested Mok King-yu to make peace with his superiors in Canton. Mok has agreed and it is said that he will send representatives to accompany the Consuls to Canton for peace negotiations.

GUNBOAT'S DEFENCE.

The commanders of gunboats, fearing being attacked and sunk like the two already reported, have held a meeting to discuss self-defence. It was decided that and vessel of suspicious persons attempting to go near them will be fired at without notice.

TUCHUN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

On learning that Dr. Wu Ting-fang had arrived this morning, the Tuchun Mok Wing-sun and all the leaders went to welcome him. As the Tuchun was on his way, a bomb was thrown at his chair, and killed a few of his followers. The Tuchun was not hurt and the trouble was soon over. The thrower of the bomb escaped during the confusion.

GENERAL LUK.

General Luk Wing-ting, who has decided to return to Nanning, has requested Chan Ping-kwan the ex-Tuchun, to stay at Wuchow to look after the situation of the two Kwongs. We have received other reports stating that General Luk who was accompanied by Chan Ping-kwan, left Wuchow yesterday.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "CHUNG NGOI SAN PO."]

THE NEW CABINET.

PEKING, November 30th.

It is reported that the members of new Cabinet are the following:—Luk Cheng-hsiang, Foreign Affairs; Tsien Neng-hsun, Interior; Yuan Shi-tao, Education; Wang Ko-min, Finance; Luk Tsong-yu, Agriculture; and Kiang Yung, Justice. The Ministers of the Navy and Communications are not changed.

FIGHTING REPORTED.

Yang Shen-teh's army and the Ningpo army, had a fight at Shaoching, in which Yang's army gained the victory. The President will send Liu Sun, Commander of the 15th Division, to Chokiang.

PRESIDENCY REFUSED.

Li Yuan-hung has wired to Luk Wing-ting, stating that he cannot take the President's post again. Liang Chi-chao and Tang Hwa-lung has gone to Tientsin. Tuan Chi-jui has visited the British Minister and asked him to help Wang Shi-chen, to form the new Cabinet.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Vernon & Smyth, in their weekly share report dated November 30th, 1917, states:—

Since our last report of 23rd inst. our local market has been active and a fairly large business has taken place in most of the favourite speculative stocks, notably in Indo-China Deferred, Docks and Wharves. Investment stocks have not participated in the demand, and remain as dull as ever. Shanghai market shows some improvement, with a good enquiry for Cotton shares.

Singapore market for Rubber shares continues steady, but prices show no change of any consequence.

The following are our to-day's wired quotations:—

Aior Gajaha	12.30
Ayer Panas	2.50
Glenclyde	4.90
Kelaba	9.00
Kempas	2.88 x d.
Malaka Pindas	4.60
Malakoff	4.30
New Serendah	4.55
Sandycrofts	22.50
Tappas	22.50

Plantation rubber in London is quoted 2/6. Bar Silver is quoted 42½. Sterling T.T. is 2/10½. Singapore T.T. is 193½. Shanghai T.T. is nominal at about 70 and the Bank's buying rate for 3 days' bills is nominal at about 70½.

Bank.—No transactions are recorded and Hongkong and Shanghai shares are still offering at \$0.30.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Market has been very quiet. Union at an offer at \$750 and Cantons at \$800. North Chinas have slightly improved their position and are in demand at Tls. 115 and Yangtzes at \$190 with exchange 73.

FIRE INSURANCES.—China Fires could be placed in small quantities at \$130. Hongkong Fires are nominal at \$310.

SHIPPING.—A considerable business has been done in Indo-China Deferred. After touching \$155 cash, the market receded to \$145 cash and \$150 for February, since which it has strengthened and we close with sales up to \$150 cash, and strong buyers at \$148 cash and more than corresponding rates forward. Douglases have been in better request and sales were made up to \$80 cash and \$85 February. Market is now rather quieter, with \$60 as the nominal. Steamboats have been neglected all the week and are on offer at \$19½. Star Ferries are unchanged at \$23½ nominal.

OILS.—Sales of Shells were made up to 115½ and there are now buyers at 110½. Langkats have unstated between Tls. 16 and Tls. 14 and are now wanted at Tls. 15½. Ural Caspians are nominal at 30½. REFINEOILS.—China Sugars have been the medium of a small business from \$90 to \$88 and they close with buyers offering \$87. Malabons have been in strong demand and price has improved to a buying quotation of \$33, which has so far brought out no shares.

MINING.—Market is dull and lifeless and no transactions are reported.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.—A good business has been put through in Hongkong and Whampoa Docks, both for cash and forward delivery. They close with good buyers at \$125½ cash. Kowloon Wharves have also been largely dealt in and price has improved to a buying quotation of \$95 and corresponding rates forward. Shanghai Docks are easier and close with buyers offering Tls. 71.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.—This section has been very quiet and the only business reported is in Humphreys at \$5.65 and small sales of Hotels at \$90. Centrals are wanted at \$90 and West Points at \$79. Lands are nominal at \$39. CORROZ MILLS.—Prices, mostly, show an advance. Ewos are wanted at Tls. 170. Kung Yiks at Tls. 16, Shanghai Cottons at Tls. 113. Yangtzes could be placed at Tls. 6½. Orientals are offering at Tls. 40.

MISCELLANEOUS.—A fair business has been done in Cement, at gradually improving prices up to \$7.50 for cash and from \$7.50 to \$8 for February. Good lines of Watsons have been taken at \$54. Electricians are wanted at \$45. Icas have improved to \$100. China Lights are wanted at \$31. China Borneos at \$60 and Dairy Fatms at \$94. Tramways have sellers at \$6.00 and Peak Tramways are on offer at \$87.

MILK.—New Settlement Ds. 21½ Ds.



# THE WAR.

## RUSSIA AND PEACE PROPOSALS. FAVOURABLE RECEPTION BY GERMAN CHANCELLOR.

## LORD LANSLOWNE ON ALLIES' WAR AIMS. OUTSPOKEN LETTER SEVERELY CRITICISED.

## SLIGHT BRITISH ADVANCE IN THE WEST.

### General.

### LATEST CABLES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

### RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

### PROTEST BY RUSSIANS IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 29th.  
Reuter learns that an important meeting has been held at the Russian Embassy in London at which leading Russian diplomats and military and civil officials at present stationed in England unanimously passed a resolution strongly condemning the Maximalists, whom they denounced as a criminal faction of usurpers. The assemblage pledged to resist as far as possible the treacherous forces seeking to destroy Russia.

### EX-COMMANDER INTERNED.

PETROGRAD, November 29th.  
General Chermisoff, the ex-Commander of the South Western and Northern fronts, has been interned in the fortress of St. Peter and Paul and that a private soldier has been appointed Military Commander of the Moscow district.

### EARLY ELECTION RESULTS.

PETROGRAD, November 29th.  
The Constituent Assembly elections in 110 of the 194 districts of Petrograd give the Maximalists 220,000 votes, the Cadets 180,000 votes, and the Social Revolutionaries 80,000 votes.

### EARLIER CABLES.

### CESSATION OF SHOOTING ON RUSSIAN FRONT.

PETROGRAD, November 29th.  
On the 28th November General Krylenko, in an order to the Army and Navy, announced that the Envoys nominated by him have returned with the official answer of the German Commander-in-Chief consenting to enter into negotiations for an armistice on all fronts. Krylenko orders the immediate cessation of shooting on the whole of the Russian fronts. The next meeting of Plenipotentiaries of both sides will be held on Sunday.

### ARREST OF M. DUKHONIN'S SUPPORTERS.

PETROGRAD, November 29th.  
Krylenko's Envoys entered the German lines in front of the Russian Fifth Army. A companion of Krylenko telegraphs that the German Commander-in-Chief has deputed the Commander of the Northern Army as his Plenipotentiary. The latter's answer was received on official Government paper. Krylenko proclaims M. Dukhonin an enemy of the people and orders the arrest of all his supporters, whatever their position or record.

### OLD NAMES SAID TO BE NON-RUSSIAN.

LONDON, November 29th.  
It has been previously stated that the real names of Lenin and Trotsky respectively are Cederblum and Braunstein. It now stated that according to the anti-Maximalist Press the real name of Krylenko is Aaron Abram, while the name of the principal Plenipotentiary sent by Krylenko to negotiate an armistice is given as Schneur. All these names are non-Russian.

### GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, November 29th.  
The Times Correspondent at Petrograd says that nearly all the Provisional Government Ministers, except M. Kerensky, have been arrested.  
The Petrograd Garrison has wholly joined the Bolsheviks.  
Some shops are closed and others have been fired, there being several casualties. People are, however, going to business in the ordinary manner and none would imagine that another Revolution is in progress.

### GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

### CHANCELLOR ON QUESTION OF PEACE.

LONDON, November 29th.  
A German wireless message gives an extract from the Chancellor's speech relating to the Russian proposal for negotiations concerning a truce and general peace. He said "I do not hesitate to declare that it is possible to recognise in the Russian proposals, as far as they are at present known, debateable principles on which the opening of negotiations may be based. I am ready to enter upon them as soon as the Russian Government sends fully empowered representatives. I hope and wish these efforts will soon assume a definite shape and bring peace."

### A LABOUR QUESTION.

LONDON, November 29th.  
The War Cabinet has appointed a Committee including Mr. G. Barnes, Mr. Auckland Geddes, and Mr. Asquith to deal with the questions of wages and the co-ordinate settlement of labour questions affecting Government Departments.

### AN INDIAN SEDITIONARY.

LONDON, November 28th.  
In the House of Commons Mr. Fisher stated that Laj Patrai was in the United States. So far as was known he was at large and as far as Mr. Fisher was aware the United States had not been communicated with regarding his internment.

### THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, November 28th.  
The price of silver is steady.

### EARLIER CABLES.

### NEW ZEALAND AND GERMANS.

WASHINGTON, November 29th.  
Speaking at a conference of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, the Premier said that any proposal to restore Samoa and New Guinea to Germany would be bitterly resented by British people in the South Pacific. It would mean that Samoa would be the Headquarters of a German Pacific Fleet and that they would establish a wireless station and a submarine base there. The British Government has been sold that we are not going to have the Germans back in the islands of these seas if we can possibly help it.

### GERMAN WHITE SLAYER.

PHILADELPHIA, November 29th.  
Captain Thierichens, the interned ex-Commander of the liner, Prince Eitel Friedrich, has been sentenced to fourteen months' imprisonment for violating the White Slave law.

### INTENSE TIN COMPETITION.

WASHINGTON, November 29th.  
The Chairman of the sub-Committee of the Iron and Steel Institute has telegraphed to the Department of Commerce that if the policy of commandeering tin is continued there will be no tin available for the canning of footstuffs. He says that the intense competition has increased the price of tin from 54 to 90 cents a pound during the past month.

### AUSTRO-GERMAN CONFERENCE AT VIENNA.

AMSTERDAM, November 29th.  
A conference will be held shortly at Vienna for the purpose of creating a Board to utilise for Germany and Austria vegetables and fruit in the Italian occupied regions.

### WAR AIMS OF THE ALLIES.

LONDON, November 29th.  
Lord Lansdowne, in a long letter to the Daily Telegraph, urges the co-ordination of the war-aims of the Allies. He says that the prolongation of the war will ruin the civilised world and that an immense stimulus would probably be given to the peace party in Germany if it were understood that the Allies do not desire the annihilation of Germany as a Great Power; that the Allies do not seek to impose on the Germans a form of Government they do not desire; that, except as a legitimate war measure, the Allies do not desire to deny Germany a place among the great commercial communities of the world; that the Allies are prepared after the war to examine the problems connected with the freedom of the seas; and that the Allies are prepared to enter into an International pact for the peaceful settlement of international disputes.

### LATEST CABLES.

### PRESS CRITICISMS.

LONDON, November 29th.  
Lord Lansdowne's letter is everywhere discussed, and all the evening papers reproduce it. The Westminster Gazette generally endorses it but points out that the spirit of the letter wholly conflicts with the doctrines of Prussian militarism, whose appetites are whetted by the prospects of results from the collapse of Russia. Hence it is not over sanguine of the effect of mere threats on Germany, at least for the present. The Star regards the letter as a thunderbolt in the camp, and says it is "Never Enders," who brow-beat everyone who thinks about peace. The Evening Standard says that Lord Lansdowne expresses the views of thoughtful men. The Pall Mall Gazette says that unless we defeat Germany in the field the war must end in a German victory. The Evening News says the letter will be read with great satisfaction in Germany. Its weak point is that it disregards the fact that Germany's word cannot be trusted. The Globe says that Lord Lansdowne's programme, which means trust of the Hohenzollerns, scarcely enhances his reputation for statesmanship and patriotism.

### WITHOUT THE GOVERNMENT'S KNOWLEDGE.

Reuter's Lobbyist authoritatively learns that the rumour that Lord Lansdowne's letter was written with the Government's knowledge is entirely without foundation.

### EARLIER CABLES.

### AMERICA AND THE WAR.

WASHINGTON, November 29th.  
President Wilson has issued a proclamation requiring the licensing of most of the chief imports by the War Trade Board, thereby enabling the Government to control imports, as it has controlled the exports since the war, thus giving the Government another powerful weapon which could be used to the fullest extent in an economic war with Germany.

### A ROYAL PATIENT.

LONDON, November 29th.  
It is officially stated that the operation for a duodenal ulcer was performed on Prince Albert this morning. His condition is satisfactory.

Prince Albert has undergone an operation for a duodenal ulcer. His condition hitherto has been satisfactory.

### DUTCH GOVERNMENT'S NEUTRALITY.

THE HAGUE, November 29th.  
The Premier, speaking in the Chamber affirmed that the Government would not depart from its neutrality whatever the consequences, but if Holland were attacked, the Dutch would defend themselves. He mentioned the Swedish Government's abandonment of its intention of convening a neutral conference to discuss economic interests.

### JAPANESE POLICE FORCE FOR HARBIN.

TOKYO, November 29th.  
It is most probable that Japan will send a small Police force to maintain order in Harbin.

### IMPEACHMENT OF M. MALVY.

### CHAMBER ADOPTS COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

PARIS, November 29th.  
The Chamber by 312 votes to two adopted the Report of its Committee, directing the impeachment of M. Malvy, mentioned on the 27th November, before the Senate, after a long debate, in which M. Malvy said that he wished to be tried by the Senate.

### INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE OPENS.

### SUPPLY AND BLOCKADE PROBLEMS.

PARIS, November 29th.  
The Inter-Allied Conference opens today. As the principal task is to settle practical problems of supply and blockade, the work will be divided amongst various Technical Commissions.  
"LET US WORK."

PARIS, November 29th.  
M. Clemenceau, addressing the Inter-Allied Conference, declared that the Allies must win on the battlefield the right to a real peace for humanity. Hence all were agreed upon the sacrifices demanded by the Allied Command, which no intrigue or weakness would ever shake. "We must translate our high passions into acts. Let our motto be 'Let us work.'"

The Conference afterwards divided into sections representing Finance, Imports, Transport, Armament, Munitions, Aviation, Food Supply and the Blockade.  
ARRIVAL OF GENERAL CADORNA.  
General Cadorna has arrived.

### BRITAIN AND THE KHALIFATE.

LONDON, November 29th.  
In the House of Commons, Lord Robert Cecil stated that since the war Russia had communicated with Britain regarding proposals that the Sultan of Turkey should no longer be recognised as the Khalif. Britain had never departed from the attitude that the question of the Khalifate was one for Moslem opinion alone to decide. (Cheers.)

### THE RESOURCES OF CHINA.

NEW YORK, November 28th.  
Baron Megata, the head of the Japanese Finance Commission to the United States, addressing a number of Americans prominent in finance, commerce and journalism, urged the development of China's vast resources by the United States and Japan, whose joint efforts would not only be profitable to themselves but advantageous to China.

### Naval Activities.

### LATEST CABLES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

### GERMAN TORPEDO BOAT SUNK.

LONDON, November 29th.  
An Amsterdam message says that a German torpedo boat, belonging to the Zebrunge flotilla struck a mine just outside the Dutch territorial waters and sank. Only two of the crew were saved.

### Italian Front.

### EARLIER CABLES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

### ITALIAN FRONT.

### DESTRUCTIVE BOMBARDMENT OF ENEMY BOATS.

LONDON, November 29th.  
An Italian official message states: "There has been reciprocal artillery firing on the whole front. Our batteries carried out a destructive bombardment of the enemy boats on the Lower Piave. We repulsed heavily the enemy attacks on the confidence of the Senciz and the Vojassa in Albania."

### GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, November 29th.  
A German wireless official message says: "Attacks on our mountain positions on Monte Tomba and on the west bank of the Brenta failed."

### Franco-Belgian Front.

### LATEST CABLES.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

### BRITISH FRONT.

### ENEMY TROOPS FROM RUSSIA AND ITALY.

LONDON, November 29th.  
Reuter's Correspondent at the British Headquarters says: "We are improving the strength of our new gains, giving the enemy no rest. There is evidence that enemy troops are being hurried from Russia and even from Italy to try to restore the situation around Cambrai. The weather continues favourable and troops and transports are able to move fairly easily."

### LINE SLIGHTLY ADVANCED.

LONDON, November 29th.  
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: "There was considerable reciprocal artillery firing this morning in the neighbourhood of Bourlon Wood. A successful local operation slightly advanced our line west of the Wood.  
We repulsed raids in the neighbourhood of Avion and Hellebecq. The enemy's artillery is more active in this sector, and also east and north-east of Ypres.  
Our aeroplanes on Wednesday dropped 130 bombs on Courtrai, Roulers, Menin, and Thourout railway stations and other targets in the Ypres battle area. Seventeen heavy bombs were dropped at night on Roulers station."

### EARLIER CABLES.

### PRISONERS TAKEN IN PATROL ENCOUNTERS.

LONDON, November 29th.  
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports: "After sharp fighting an attack against the Belgian positions near Ascheloop failed. We captured prisoners during the night in patrol encounters southward of the Semppe."

### GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, November 29th.  
A German wireless official message states: "There is a lull in the fighting south-west of Cambrai.  
The English shelled Cambrai."

### LATEST CABLES.

### FRENCH FRONT.

### INTENSE ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

PARIS, November 29th.  
A communiqué says: "There is reciprocal artillery firing on the whole front, it being especially intense in some sectors."  
EARLIER CABLES.  
VIOLENT BOMBARDMENT.  
PARIS, November 29th.  
A communiqué says: "An attempted enemy raid with large effectives after a violent bombardment north of Mont Cornillet in Champagne, was repulsed with heavy losses."

A communiqué says: "There are artillery actions in various sectors."

### FOOD HOARDERS HEAVILY FINED.

### THE WELL-FILLED LARDER OF A RETIRED NAVAL OFFICER.

At Droxford (Hants) petty sessions, Captain F. B. Harvey, R.N. (retired), and his wife, who reside at Hambleton (Hants), were each fined £50 and costs for food hoarding.

A police superintendent said that there was found in the defendants' house more than 300lb. of flour and a large quantity of other foodstuffs, which included sugar, tea, coffee, cocoa, bottled tongue, corned beef, potted meat, preserved plums, apricots, gooseberries, and peaches; also cheese, butter, margarine, Quaker and Provost, and ham and as Christmas puddings in tins. The household consisted of the defendants, Miss Harvey, one servant, and an occasional charwoman.

A police sergeant stated that some of the tea and margarine had become unfit for consumption owing to having been kept too long and improperly stored.  
Mr. Percy Barker, who represented the defendants, stated that the wheat flour was purchased before the Order came into operation, and the barley flour was obtained to mix with it when the defendants started making their own bread. They were, however, unable to carry out their intention because the servants would not agree to do the baking; consequently the flour was not used. He defended that only sufficient had been purchased to meet the defendants' ordinary requirements.

### THE ONE MAN.

Down through history it has always been so—the eternal triumph of one man. One man in his time plays many parts. So Shakespeare said, and it is true. But the One Man in his time plays only one part, the leading part, his acts being revelations.

Just as Nature abhors a vacuum, so would she seem to abhor concentration. There would be no lightning if the forces did not unite in one stroke, no thunder if the thousand echoes did not coalesce in one dominating voice. No universe without a God, no flock of sheep without its leader.

One name has often stood for an epoch, just as one name stands for an achievement in new combinations that achieve the glittering goal. Forces away and sweep and drive, but it is always one unifying, conglomerating, atom-absorbing being who sweeps up the whole mesh, and, wrapping it as a garment about him, marches forward as the Pioneer.

From Napoleon to Lloyd George it has been so; from Julius Caesar to Douglas Haig from Daniel Boone to Moses, from Joshua, Controller of the Jews to Lord Rhonda; from Peter the Great to Kerensky (let us hope); from Nero, who played the fiddle while Rome was burning, to the Kaiser, who has played every instrument in the Concert of Europe and played them all in the wrong key.

"The tightest corner I ever found myself in," said one of the repatriated "Contemplatives" the other day, "was some weeks after Mons when we were at there were twenty of us awaiting their reinforcements or the order to retire. Our scouts told us that it was impossible to withstand the German forces drawing near us. One night the situation appeared utterly hopeless. We were all evidently doomed beyond a doubt. Our ammunition was running desperately short, and the Germans were moving on, restive as if for an advance. We took it all philosophically, after a few grumbles, and actually began to joke about our last night on earth, vowing that we should make a very costly exit for the enemy. Bill Perdue chiefly complained about the absence of a rum-ration; he said he always preferred dying warm, and in every other campaign—he was an old soldier—he had always insisted on dying that way."

It was not yet dawn when a young corporal came up to me as the sergeant on duty. He had been out scouting.

"Sir," he said, "I've got the relief," and he grinned.

"I thought he had got touched in the head with the anxiety of it all."

"The relief? What do you mean?" I asked.

"The reinforcements. See. He pointed to a heap of soldiers' caps at the other end of the trench."

"There are plenty of them outside," he said, "but I thought they'd be more useful in here. You know what I mean? They'll reinforce us."

"I was certain now that the lad was suffering in the head, so I asked him to go along into the dug-out and lie down a little while."

"Lie down! Not me!" says he, and forthwith he starts sticking the peaks of his caps in the clay about a foot below the top of the trench. Later, our officer came along, and the young corporal explained his idea. It happened all right too. At dawn the Germans attacked as we had expected. We prepared at them as hot as we could, our real men being mixed up between the dummy hats. There were 30 or 40 dummies sticking in the trench side. We let the Boches get quite near, and then we were done in. Some of them were about to leap in amongst us when they saw all the caps. We met them then with another volley and a frantic cheer, and they were off, deeming us too many. They went back and bombed us frantically, but ere another hour had passed we were reinforced and the situation was saved."

Saved, yes, the one man, as ever, had saved it.—A. E. B.

### PRISON FOR A VOLUNTEER.

Mr. Laurence Housman writes from Kensington to the Manchester Guardian as follows:—

"Will you allow me to state in bare detail the case of an objection to military service but to conscription—now undergoing sentence at the Military Prison, Wandsworth. Mr. Ernest Harrison served with a first-class character. Later he entered the Metropolitan Police, in which he has been for over fourteen years. Early in the war he volunteered for service, and was offered by the commanding officer of his old regiment the post of dispatch rider. His application for permission to join was refused by the police authorities. Within the last year he was dismissed the force on refusing to give up the Police Union, for which, as its secretary, he was endeavouring to secure official recognition. On his dismissal he came under conscription. This he resisted, claiming the status of a volunteer to his old regiment, and was sent to military prison for two years. For his refusal to put on khaki he was court-martialled and sentenced to six months' detention. When only two months of his sentence had been served he was again court-martialled for his continued refusal and sentenced to a year's detention. This sentence he is now serving. Thus for conscription refusal to wear khaki as a conscript, he is apparently liable before an expiration of his sentence to a fresh court-martial every month or every week, or every day, and to a corresponding increase of punishment. The official from whom a member of Parliament obtained this information, and the second martial law case which was quite regular. He is now in the military prison, and is being kept there. Harrison is a wife and has three children. His wife said to me yesterday that she was very anxious to see him, and that she was very anxious to see him, and that she was very anxious to see him."







## THE GROWTH OF THE KITCHENER MYTH.

This recent upheaval has shown that even ordinarily well-informed public leaders and writers are at a loss when dealing with men and masters of the moment in Russia. Of course, most of the leading figures who command attention at the present time were thrown up by the revolution and have no political past worth mentioning. For this reason, their capabilities being unknown, it is extremely difficult to judge how far any one of them may be able to go to stop the rot politically as well as in the Army.—H.B.

\_\_\_\_\_

Reports are current that a change is contemplated in the motto of the Prince of Wales. "Ich dien" stated the German word for "I am doing." It seems well to be superseded by the Welsh "Eich dyn," which, I am told (says a writer in the *Glasgow Herald*) means "Your man." At present there is a national prejudice against any vestige of things Teutonic, but it must be remembered that the crest of the Prince of Wales—three ostrich feathers with the motto "Ich dien"—commemorates a very glorious episode in English history. It was borne by the King of Bohemia who was amongst the slain at the Battle of Agincourt, and was then adopted by the victorious Black Prince, the father of the Duke of Albany. The crest and motto have been used by the Princes of Wales ever since that glorious feat in English arms. Its origin has given it a special association throughout the centuries. The significance of the Welsh "Eich dyn" would be lost on the ordinary individual.

Orpiment, yellow pigment, arsenic carrying metal—"King's Yellow"—is found in that great mineral country, Yunnan.

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Steamers	Leave Hong Kong	Connecting Mail	Due at MARSEILLES	Due at LONDON
to	at	via	at	at
Colombo	at Noon	via	1917	1917

When Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO.

Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of booking.

On the Australian Route Tickets interchangeable with P. & O. Line.

SAILINGS DIRECT TO

## SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

S.S.

Leave HONGKONG ABOUT

Passengers may travel by Railway in Japan between Ports of Call free of charge. Return Tickets are available by Messageries Maritimes Company.

INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS  
(Non-Transshipment).

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS,  
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Proposed Sailing:

STEAMERS	Leave Hong Kong about	Leave Straits about	Due at MARSEILLES if sailing about	Due at LONDON about
The Intermediate	Service is	Temporarily	Suspended.	

"WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS"  
All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.  
Round-the-World Tickets and Through Tickets to New York in connection with the Principal Mail Lines.  
Return Tickets at fare and a half, available to Europe for Two Years or to Intermediate Ports for Six Months.  
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.  
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godown.  
For Further Information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, Dates of Sailing, etc., apply to

E. V. D. FARR,  
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA  
THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

LONDON VIA SINGAPORE, MALACCA, PENANG, COLOMBO, DELAGOA BAY, CAPE TOWN, and MADEIRA.

VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE  
via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, TOKIWA MARU (THURSDAY 13th Dec., at Noon)  
Kobe, YOKKAICHI, and  
YOKOHAMA ...

SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, via MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE.

CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON.

BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, MALACCA and COLOMBO.

NAGASAKI, KOBE and S. NIKKO MARU (FRIDAY, 14th Dec., at 11 A.M.)  
YOKOHAMA ...

SHANGHAI, KOBE and S. MISHIMA MARU (TUESDAY, 11th Dec., at 11 A.M.)  
YOKOHAMA ...

Kobe and YOKOHAMA ... S. Y. MARU (SATURDAY, 15th Dec., at 11 A.M.)  
Capt. Sakai

Kobe ... BENTEN MARU (SATURDAY, 16th Dec., at 11 A.M.)  
Capt. Yamamoto  
Kobe ... KIRIN MARU (TUESDAY, 19th Dec., at 11 A.M.)  
Capt. Sakai

Kobe ... TOTOMI MARU (SUNDAY, 22nd Dec., at 11 A.M.)  
Capt. Araki

EASTBOUND NEW YORK LINE  
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For Further Information, apply to—  
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2nd Floor, 7th Street, N.Y.C.

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VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.  
FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hong Kong—Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hong Kong
PHOENIA MARU	8,000	FRI., 27th Dec.
KOREA MARU	18,000	WED., 18th Dec.
SIBERIA MARU	18,000	MON., 31st Dec.
TENYO MARU	22,000	WED., 11th Jan.
NIPPON MARU	11,000	WED., 22nd Jan.
SHINYO MARU	22,000	WED., 6th Feb.

The ss. "Nippon Maru" and ss. "Pekin Maru" omit call at Shanghai.

## SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG TO VALPARAISO VIA JAPAN, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO, CRUZ, RALFOA, CALLAO, ARICA and IQUIQUE.  
THENCE BY TRANS-ANDRAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

ANYO MARU	18,500 Tons
KIYO MARU	17,500 "
SEIYO MARU	14,000 "

Tickets are interchangeable with the CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, Ltd., and the PACIFIC MAIL NEW ZEALAND CO.  
Passengers may travel by Rail between Ports of Call in Japan free of Charge.  
For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

T. DAIGO, Agent,  
King's Building.

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SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE

Ports of call:—Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai, Hongkong, Haiphong, Tourane, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Aden, Djibouti, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Return Tickets to Europe available two years.

Return Tickets to Intermediate Ports available six months.

For full particulars regarding sailings, apply to

P. THOMAS, Agent,  
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O. S. K.  
OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG  
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

North American Line. For VICTORIA, SEATTLE AND TACOMA, via SHANGHAI, MANILA, NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

"MEXICO MARU" ... MONDAY, 10th Dec., at 3 P.M.  
"HAWAII MARU" ... WEDNESDAY, 19th Dec., at 3 P.M.

NORTH AMERICAN LINE—This line maintains a regular fortnightly service between Hongkong and Puget Sound ports touching at intermediate ports in Japan. Overland cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for U.S.A. and connection are made at Puget Sound ports with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE—Every three months the steamer proceeding to Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires, via Singapore, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town.

AUSTRALIAN LINE—Monthly service between Japan and Adelaide, calling at Auckland, N.Z., Sydney and Melbourne.

BOMBAY LINE—Fortnightly service to Bombay, calling at Singapore, and Colombo. At present this line's steamers maintain cargo only.

JAVA LINE—Monthly service for Java ports calling at Manila, Sandakan and Macassar. Booking for passengers and cargo to the ports.

FOR SAILING DATES AND FURTHER PARTICULARS REGARDING PASSENGER OR FREIGHT APPLY AT OFFICE.

FORMOSAN LINE—For Taipei, Keelung and Amoy, via Swatow and Amoy.  
"AMATTA MARU" ... SUNDAY, 2nd Dec., at 10 A.M.  
"GOSHO MARU" ... THURSDAY, 6th Dec., at 8 A.M.  
"KAISO MARU" ... MONDAY, 9th Dec., at 10 A.M.  
"JOSHIN MARU" ... MONDAY, 10th Dec., at 8 A.M.

These Formosan Lines will arrive at and depart from the SOON YIP WHARF, near the Harbour Office, and while the steamer is alongside the wharf Telephone No. 76 will be kept.

For FURTHER INFORMATION, apply to—

K. YAMASAKI, Manager,  
No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. Nos. 744 and 745.

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